

BLUE-COLLAR SUPERVISORS



**A F S C M E**  
LOCAL 152, AFL-CIO

**UNIT 2 CONTRACT**  
JULY 1, 2021-JUNE 30, 2025

**HAWAII GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES ASSOCIATION**  
**AFSCME LOCAL 152 • AFL-CIO**

**UNIT 02 AGREEMENT  
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## **UNIT 02 AGREEMENT**

This Agreement is made by and between the Hawai`i Government Employees Association, AFSCME, Local 152, AFL-CIO, hereinafter called the Union, and the State of Hawai`i including the Board of Education and the Board of Regents of the University of Hawai`i, the City and County of Honolulu, the County of Hawai`i, the County of Maui, the County of Kaua`i, the Hawai`i Health Systems Corporation and the Judiciary hereinafter called the Employer.

### **ARTICLE 1 - RECOGNITION**

A. The Employer recognizes the Union as the exclusive bargaining agent of the unit certified by the Hawai`i Labor Relations Board consisting of all blue-collar supervisory Employees employed by the State of Hawai`i including the Board of Education and the Board of Regents of the University of Hawai`i, the City and County of Honolulu, the County of Hawai`i, the County of Maui, the County of Kaua`i, the Hawai`i Health Systems Corporation and the Judiciary.

B. The term "Employee" as used in this Agreement refers to Employees in the bargaining unit.

### **ARTICLE 2 - CONFLICT**

If there is any conflict between the provisions of this Agreement and any of the rules and regulations of any Civil Service or other personnel regulations applicable to Employees, or any contracts between the Employer and the Employees, the terms of this Agreement shall prevail.

### **ARTICLE 3 - MAINTENANCE OF RIGHTS AND BENEFITS**

Employees shall retain all rights and benefits pertaining to their conditions of employment at the time of the execution of this Agreement, except as modified herein, but excluding matters which are not negotiable under Chapter 89, HRS.

### **ARTICLE 4 - PERSONNEL POLICY CHANGES**

A. All matters affecting Employee relations, including those that are, or may be, the subject of a regulation promulgated by the Employer or any Personnel Director, are subject to consultation with the Union. The Employer shall consult with the Union prior to effecting changes in any major policy affecting Employee relations.

B. No changes in wages, hours or other conditions of work contained herein may be made except by mutual consent.

## **ARTICLE 5 - RIGHTS OF THE EMPLOYER**

The Employer reserves and retains, solely and exclusively, all management rights, powers, and authority, including the right of management to manage, control, and direct its work forces and operations except those as may be modified under this Agreement.

## **ARTICLE 6 - UNION SECURITY**

A. The Employer shall maintain a list of Union members in this bargaining unit who have payroll assignment forms on file with the Employer. This list will be made available to the Union by request and contain information listing the names of Union members, unit Employees, and total Union deductions made without cost to the Union on a form supplied by the Employer.

B. The Employer shall also maintain a list of Employees from whom service fees are deducted from wages to defray the cost for services rendered by the Union in the negotiation and administration of this Agreement; such list will be made available to the Union without cost and on a form supplied by the Employer.

C. The Employer shall maintain and update the above listings and notify the Union of any changes.

D. Union dues, initiation fees, service fees, and other Employer authorized deductions shall be collected twice a month and transmitted to the Union not later than the 15th day of the following month by check drawn to the order of the Union. Upon the issue of such check and transmission of same to the Union, all responsibility on the part of the Employer shall cease with respect to any amount so deducted. The Employer shall not be bound in any manner to see to the application of the proceeds of any such check, nor to investigate the authority of any designated officer of said Union to sign any request, to accept any such check, or to collect the same. The Union hereby undertakes to indemnify and hold blameless the Employer from any claim that may be made upon it for or on account of any such deduction from the wages of any Employee.

E. Scattergrams reflecting Employee distribution on the salary schedule as of July 15 of each year shall be provided to the Union by each jurisdiction.

F. Pursuant to HRS §89-3.5, Employees claiming and qualifying for religious exemption shall select one of the following non-religious, non-labor organization charitable funds, that are exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of Title 26 of the Internal Revenue Code:

1. John A. Burns Foundation
2. American Cancer Society – Hawai`i Pacific Division
3. Hawai`i Heart Association

The Union shall be responsible for:

1. Establishing guidelines for determining bona fide religions, bodies or sects which have historically held conscientious objections to joining or financially supporting Employee organizations;
2. Establishing guidelines for determining whether an Employee is a member of such bona fide religions, bodies or sects;
3. Verifying that an Employee's request for religious exemption meets the requirements of HRS §89-3.5; and,
4. Establishing and carrying out procedures for implementing the requirement that the Employee pay sums equal to the dues and initiation fees to a non-religious, non-labor organization charitable fund as listed above in lieu of periodic dues and initiation fees.

## **ARTICLE 7 - UNION REPRESENTATION RIGHTS**

A. The Union may call four (4) meetings per year of all Employees in each department during working hours for informational and educational purposes, including the interpretation, application, and administration of this Agreement. The year for this purpose shall begin with the effective date of this Agreement. The Employees may be divided into groups of convenient size. When more than one session is held for an informational and educational meeting, all Employees will have an opportunity to attend one of these sessions. Each session shall last no longer than two (2) hours. Employees shall be afforded reasonable travel time to and/or from the meeting, provided that travel time outside of the Employees' work hours shall not be considered work time. The Union may use the Employer's conference rooms and similar building facilities for these informational and educational meetings. The Union will notify the Employer in writing of the date(s), time(s), and location(s) of the meetings at least ten (10) working days before they are held. If the hours during which the meetings are held are mutually acceptable, the Union shall be responsible for informing its members of the date(s), time(s), and location(s) of the meetings as well as arranging for any accommodations needed. However, this does not preclude those agencies that are currently assisting the Union in notifying Employees of the meeting arrangements from continuing the practice. In addition to the foregoing meetings, additional meetings may be held by agreement of the Employer and the Union.

B. The Union shall be provided adequate space on bulletin boards for posting of usual and customary Union notices.

C. Full-time Union representatives shall be permitted to visit and confer with Employees at their work sites regarding complaints and grievances and to assure that the Agreement is being properly administered. The Union representative will notify the appropriate supervisor when the Union representative arrives at the work site. While on the Employer's premises or work site, the representative will not interfere with normal operations.

D. The Union shall appoint a sufficient number of stewards from among the Employees whose function shall be to investigate complaints, handle grievances, and assure that the Agreement is being properly administered in their work areas, during working hours without loss of pay or benefits. The Employer assures privacy to the steward and the Employee while discussing the Employee's grievance.

E. Representatives of the Union shall be permitted to attend orientation meetings held by the Employer during working hours for new Employees, and shall be allowed up to thirty (30) minutes to address the Employees at the conclusion of the meeting.

F. The Union shall provide the Employer with a list of duly certified officers, representatives, and stewards and maintain its currency.

G. The Executive Director or designee shall be entitled to participate during the biennial review of the Compensation Plan by the Conference of Personnel Directors, but may not vote. The Executive Director shall receive copies of the policies and standards, rules and regulations, identification and pricing of bench mark classes, including proposed amendments therefor and notices of meetings, agenda, and requests for repricing.

H. Employees may be permitted to use the Employer's conference rooms or other similar facilities for meetings during non-working hours.

## **ARTICLE 8 - DISCIPLINE**

A. Regular Employees shall not be disciplined without proper cause. Grievances regarding these matters shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of Article 11, Grievance Procedure.

B. Disciplinary action taken against any Employee shall be considered confidential.

C. When an Employee is orally reprimanded, it shall be done privately.

D. Written Reprimands.

1. A written reprimand issued to an Employee shall contain the specific reasons for the action and a statement that the Employee may consult the Union on the matter.

2. The written reprimand shall be issued to the Employee in person or, if impracticable, mailed to the Employee's last known address.

E. Suspensions.

1. Whenever an Employee is suspended for four (4) or less working days, the Employee shall be given written notice of the suspension within forty-eight (48) hours after the suspension; provided that, for suspensions of five (5) or more working days, the Employee shall be given written notice of the suspension prior to the commencement of the suspension. The notice shall contain the following:

- a. The specific reason(s) for the suspension;
- b. The effective date(s) of the suspension; and
- c. A statement that the Employee may consult with the Union on the matter.

2. The notice of suspension shall be provided to the Employee in person or, if impracticable, mailed to the Employee's last known address.

F. Discharges and Disciplinary Demotions.

1. Whenever a discharge or disciplinary demotion action is to be taken against an Employee, the Employee shall be given a written notice of such action. The notice shall contain the following:

- a. The specific reason(s) for the action;
- b. The effective date(s) of the discharge or disciplinary demotion;
- c. An opportunity to respond prior to the effective date of the discharge or disciplinary demotion action; and
- d. A statement that the Employee may consult with the Union on the matter.

2. A written notice of a discharge or disciplinary demotion action shall be issued to the Employee in person, or if impracticable, mailed to the Employee's last known address at least ten (10) days prior to the discharge or disciplinary demotion action.

3. A disciplinary demotion shall be for a specified period of time.



## ARTICLE 9 - LAYOFF

A. All personnel actions under this Article shall be restricted to members and positions of this bargaining unit and shall be confined to the governmental jurisdiction in which the layoff occurs.

B. When there is an impending layoff because of lack of work, need, or funds, the appointing authority shall inform the respective Central Personnel Agency, the affected Employee or Employees, and the Union, in writing, as soon as possible but in any case at least ninety (90) calendar days before the impending layoff will take place.

C. Retention Points. In the event of a layoff, the displacement or termination of services of an Employee shall be based on the Employee's total continuous creditable service within the Employee's applicable governmental jurisdiction but not excluding the combined service time of classes of Employees whose functions are transferred from one jurisdiction to another through action of the legislature. Except for Employees who are laid off and rehired within one (1) year, service prior to separation from service with the Employer is not creditable, in which case, creditable service shall begin on the date of the Employee's return to service. Retention points shall be computed on the basis of one point for each full month of employment in the applicable jurisdiction, including service in another jurisdiction prior to any transfer of the Employee's position to the applicable jurisdiction through legislative action. A fraction of a month of service shall be used to break "ties."

Service rendered up to the day prior to the day on which layoff is to take place will be included in the computation. The following periods of leaves without pay are creditable for computing retention points: (1) educational; (2) employment with the legislature; (3) loan to other governments; (4) research; (5) industrial injury; (6) United States military service; (7) temporary service in a duly recognized government Employee union; and (8) illness.

D. Waiver of Displacement Rights. The Employee affected by layoff may waive displacement rights, in writing to the Employee's department head, thereby limiting the Employee's placement to vacant positions.

E. Conditions for Placement.

1. The Employee must meet the minimum qualification requirements of the class of the position in which the Employee is to be placed.

2. The Employee is a regular or permanent Civil Service Employee of the jurisdiction.

3. The Employee shall have priority for placement in the vacant position to which the Employee is referred under the provisions of this Article.

4. The Employee shall be referred for placement in a position on the basis of the Employee's indication of the geographic location(s) (island and district) where the Employee is willing to be placed and the minimum pay range, not higher than that of the Employee's present position, that the Employee will accept. The appointing authority shall provide the Union with a listing of all vacant positions which meet the conditions under which the Employee has indicated the Employee would be willing to accept.

5. The Employee shall be entitled to one (1) referral for placement in a position which is in accordance with the terms the Employee specified as provided for in (4) above. If the Employee should fail to accept the offer of employment in the position, the Employee's services shall be terminated on the abolishment date of the position or the date of the Employee's displacement, and the Employee's name shall be placed on the recall list.

F. Placement and Layoff within the Employing Department. If the Employee cannot be placed in a vacant position, a layoff will be effectuated. In the order of utilization outlined below, the appointing authority shall provide the Union with a list of all positions and their classification, the incumbents' names, and the incumbents' retention points. Subject to the conditions set forth in (E) above, the following order shall be observed in layoff and displacement of Employees:

1. Non-regular Employee who occupies a permanent position in the same class when there is more than one (1) such Employee, in the following order: first, an Employee serving an emergency appointment; second, temporary appointment outside the list; third, provisional appointment Employee; fourth, a limited term appointment Employee; and fifth, a probational appointment Employee.

2. Non-regular Employee who occupies a permanent position in a related class of the same pay range. Where there is more than one (1) such Employee, the order of layoff will be as provided in (1) above.

3. Regular Employee who occupies a position in the same class and has the least retention points.

4. Regular Employee who occupies a position in a related class of the same pay range and has the least retention points.

5. Non-regular Employee who occupies a permanent position in a class of a lower pay range in the same series. Where there is more than one (1) such Employee, the order of layoff will be as provided in (1) above.

6. Non-regular Employee who occupies a permanent position in a class of a lower pay range in a related series. Where there is more than one (1) such Employee, the order of layoff will be as provided in (1) above.

7. Regular Employee who occupies a position in a class of a lower pay range in the same series and has the least retention points.

8. Regular Employee who occupies a position in a class of a lower pay range in a related series and has the least retention points.

When the Employee cannot be placed in another permanent position, the same order of displacement may be repeated for temporary positions prior to layoff.

In the event that a regular Civil Service Employee cannot be placed in the Employee's department, the appointing authority shall notify the affected Employee and the Union and the Central Personnel Agency in writing at least sixty (60) calendar days prior to the layoff. The appointing authority shall also notify the Central Personnel Agency in writing that a jurisdiction-wide layoff needs to be effectuated if the Employee has at least twenty-four (24) retention points and is a regular Civil Service Employee.

G. Jurisdiction-wide Layoff Action. A jurisdiction-wide layoff action will be effectuated only for a regular Civil Service Employee who has not been referred for placement or cannot be placed in an appropriate position within the employing department and if the Employee has regular or permanent Civil Service status with the jurisdiction with at least twenty-four (24) retention points. A regular Employee with less than twenty-four (24) retention points will have retention rights only within the department in which the Employee is employed. The Employee affected by layoff shall be referred for placement in another position on the basis of Section E, Conditions for Placement. In a jurisdiction-wide layoff action, the order used shall be in accordance to Section F, Placement and Layoff within the employing Department. The Employer shall furnish the Union with information similar to the information requirements of Sections E and F. When the Employee cannot be placed in another position, the Employee's services will be terminated and the Employee's name will be placed on the recall list.

H. Placement of Laid off Employees on the Recall List. A regular Employee who has been laid off shall have the Employee's name placed on the appropriate recall list and shall have eligibility for placement in the class of work from which the Employee's services were terminated. The Employee's eligibility may be terminated for any of the following reasons:

1. The eligible is no longer able to perform satisfactorily the duties of the class of work.
2. The eligible is appointed to a permanent position.
3. The eligible refuses two offers of employment under the conditions that the Employee had previously indicated the Employee would accept.
4. The eligible fails to respond without good cause within ten (10) days to a written inquiry sent to the last address the Employee provided.
5. The eligible is no longer available for employment.
6. The eligible fails to report to duty after the Employee's appointment, without good cause, within the time prescribed by the appointing authority.

A laid off Employee whose eligibility is terminated for reasons other than as specified in this section shall have the right to grieve as provided under Article 11, Grievance Procedure.

I. Rank on the Recall List. Employees shall be ranked on the appropriate recall list and shall be certified to vacancies on the basis of retention points. The Employee with the highest retention points shall be ranked number 1, the next higher, number 2, etc.

J. Laid off Employees on the recall list shall be given first preference in the selection for vacancies over any other eligible lists. The laid off Employee with the highest retention points from the appropriate recall list shall be certified first. Certification of the next highest laid off Employee and subsequent eligibles shall be made only upon the refusal of the position by the higher laid off Employee or should such laid off Employee not be appointed for good cause.

## **ARTICLE 10 - TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGES**

A. The Employer and the Union recognize that changes in operations resulting from technological innovations may occur. When such changes occur, the Employer shall give first consideration to the utilization of affected Employees in the changed operations. In the event the affected Employees do not possess the requisite skills or knowledge to perform the required work in the new operation and such skills and knowledge can be acquired within a reasonable length of time, the Employer shall provide the necessary training to Employees during working hours and at the Employer's expense.

B. If the job of any Employee is eliminated because of the implementation of new technological innovations, the Employer shall, in the following order of priority: 1) place the Employee in a position comparable in

level to the Employee's original position; 2) place the Employee in a lower level position provided that the Employee shall retain the Employee's existing rate of compensation so long as the Employee remains in the position; or 3) follow the procedure under Article 9, Layoff.

C. Any Employee affected by this Article shall be required to meet the minimum qualification requirements for the class in which the Employee may be placed.

## **ARTICLE 11 - GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

A. Any complaint by an Employee or the Union concerning the application and interpretation of this Agreement shall be subject to the grievance procedure. Any relevant information specifically identified by the grievant or the Union in the possession of the Employer and needed by the grievant or the Union to investigate and process a grievance, shall be provided to them upon request within seven (7) working days. The grievance shall be presented to the appropriate supervisor within twenty (20) working days after the occurrence of the alleged violation, or if it concerns an alleged continuing violation, then it must be filed within twenty (20) working days after the alleged violation first became known or should have become known to the Employee involved, except that in the case of an alleged payroll computational error, such allegation shall be presented to the department head or the department head's designee in writing within twenty (20) working days after the alleged error is discovered by the Employee, or the grievance may not be considered.

B. An individual Employee may present a grievance to the Employee's immediate supervisor and have the Employee's grievance heard without intervention of the Union, provided the Union has been afforded an opportunity to be present at the conference(s) on the grievance. Any adjustment made shall not be inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement. By mutual consent of the Union and the Employer, any time limits within each step may be extended.

C. Informal Step. A grievance shall, whenever possible, be discussed informally between the Employee and the Employee's immediate supervisor within the twenty (20) working day limitation provided for in paragraph "A" above. In such an event the Employee shall identify the discussion as an informal step grievance. The grievant may be assisted by the grievant's Union representative. The immediate supervisor shall reply within seven (7) working days. In the event the Employer does not respond within the time limits prescribed herein, the Union may pursue the grievance to the next step.

D. Step 1. If the grievant is not satisfied with the result of the informal conference, the grievant or the Union may submit a written statement of the grievance within seven (7) working days after receiving the answers to the informal complaint to the department head or department head's designee; or if

the immediate supervisor does not reply to the informal complaint within seven (7) working days, the Employee or the Union may submit a written statement of the grievance to the department head or department head's designee within fourteen (14) working days from the initial submission of the informal complaint; or if the grievance was not discussed informally between the Employee and the Employee's immediate supervisor, the Employee or the Union may submit a written statement of the grievance to the department head or department head's designee within the twenty (20) working day limitation provided for in paragraph "A" above.

A meeting shall be held between the grievant and a Union representative with the department head or department head's designee within seven (7) working days after the written grievance is received. Either side may present witnesses. The department head or the department head's designee shall submit a written answer to the grievant or the Union within seven (7) working days after the meeting.

E. Step 2. If the grievance is not satisfactorily resolved at Step 1, the grievant or the Union may appeal the grievance in writing to the Employer or the Employer's designee within seven (7) working days after receiving the written answer. The Employer or the Employer's designee need not consider any grievance in Step 2 which encompasses different alleged violations or charges than those presented in Step 1. A meeting to discuss the grievance shall be held within seven (7) working days after receipt of the appeal. The Employer or the Employer's designee shall reply in writing to the grievant or the Union within seven (7) working days after the meeting.

F. If the Union has a class grievance involving Employees within a department, it may submit the grievance in writing to the department head or the department head's designee. Time limits shall be the same as in individual grievances and the procedures for appeal of the unsatisfactory answer shall be the same as in Step 1.

If the Union has a class grievance involving Employees from more than one department, it may submit the grievance in writing to the Employer or the Employer's designee. Time limits shall be the same as in individual grievances and the procedures for appeal of the unsatisfactory answer shall be the same as in Step 2.

G. Step 3. Arbitration. If the grievance is not resolved at Step 2 and the Union desires to proceed with arbitration, it shall serve written notice on the Employer or the Employer's representative of its desire to arbitrate within ten (10) working days after receipt of the Employer's decision at Step 2. Representatives of the parties shall attempt to select an Arbitrator immediately thereafter. If agreement on an Arbitrator is not reached within ten (10) working days after the notice for arbitration is submitted, either party may request the

Hawai'i Labor Relations Board to submit a list of five (5) Arbitrators. Selection of an Arbitrator shall be made by each party alternately deleting one (1) name at a time from the list. The first party to delete a name shall be determined by lot. The person whose name remains on the list shall be designated the Arbitrator. No grievance may be arbitrated unless it involves an alleged violation of a specific term or provision of the Agreement.

If the Employer disputes the arbitrability of any grievance, the Arbitrator shall first determine whether the Arbitrator has jurisdiction to act; and if the Arbitrator finds that the Arbitrator has no such power, the grievance shall be referred back to the parties without decision or recommendation on its merits.

The Arbitrator shall render an award in writing no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the conclusion of the hearings or if oral hearings are waived then thirty (30) calendar days from the date statements and proofs were submitted to the Arbitrator. The decision of the Arbitrator shall be final and binding upon the Union, its members, the Employees involved in the grievance and the Employer. There shall be no appeal from the Arbitrator's decision by either party, if such decision is within the scope of the Arbitrator's authority as described below:

1. The Arbitrator shall not have the power to add to, subtract from, disregard, alter, or modify any of the terms of this Agreement.
2. The Arbitrator's power shall be limited to deciding whether the Employer has violated any of the terms of this Agreement.
3. The Arbitrator shall not consider any alleged violations or charges other than those presented in Step 2.
4. In any case of suspension or discharge where the Arbitrator finds such suspension or discharge was improper, the Arbitrator may set aside, reduce or modify the action taken by the Employer. If the penalty is set aside, reduced or otherwise changed, the Arbitrator may award back pay to compensate the Employee, wholly or partially, for any wages lost because of the penalty.

The fees of the Arbitrator, the cost of transcription, and other necessary general costs, shall be shared equally by the Employer and the Union. Each party will pay the cost of presenting its own case and the cost of any transcript that it requests.

#### **ARTICLE 11A – GRIEVANCES RELATED TO ADVERSE ACTION FOR FAILURE TO MEET PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Any complaint by an Employee or the Union concerning or

relating to an adverse action taken by the Employer for the Employee's failure to meet performance requirements of the Employee's position shall be subject to the grievance procedure under this Article. Within seven (7) working days of a written request by the Employee or Union, the Employer shall provide any relevant information in its possession that has been specifically identified, and that is needed to investigate or process a grievance. The grievance shall be presented to the appropriate supervisor within twenty (20) working days after the date of the notice of the adverse action for failure to meet performance requirements or the grievance may not be considered.

B. As used in this Article, "Employee" means:

1. A civil service Employee, as defined by §76-11, HRS, is an Employee who has met all requirements for membership in civil service under §76-27 which provides that an Employee must successfully complete an initial probationary period as a part of the examination process to determine the Employee's fitness and ability for the position.

C. As used in this Article, an "adverse action for failure to meet performance requirements" means an involuntary demotion, involuntary transfer, discharge, termination, an involuntary reduction in pay resulting from the reassignment of a position to another pay range or class, or an adjustment to an Employee's step movement date as the result of the Employee's failure to meet the performance requirements of the Employee's position.

D. An Employee may present a grievance on an adverse action for failure to meet performance requirements and have the grievance heard without intervention of the Union, up to and including Step 2, provided the Union has been afforded an opportunity to be present at the conference(s) on the grievance. Any adjustment made shall not be inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement. Any time limits set forth in this Article may be extended by mutual consent between the Employee or the Union and the Employer.

E. Informal Step. A grievance shall, whenever possible, be discussed informally between the Employee and the immediate supervisor within the twenty (20) working day limitation provided for in paragraph A. above. In such event, the Employee shall identify the discussion as a grievance at the informal step. The Employee may be assisted by a Union representative. The immediate supervisor shall reply within seven (7) working days. In the event the immediate supervisor does not respond within the time limits prescribed herein, the Employee or the Union may pursue the grievance to the next step.

F. Step 1. If the Employee is not satisfied with the result of the informal conference, the Employee or the Union may submit a written statement of the grievance to the department head or department head's



designee within seven (7) working days after receiving the answer to the informal complaint; or if the immediate supervisor does not reply to the informal complaint within seven (7) working days, the Employee or the Union may submit a written statement of the grievance to the department head or department head's designee within fourteen (14) working days from the initial submission of the informal complaint; or if the grievance was not discussed informally between the Employee and the immediate supervisor, the Employee or the Union may submit a written statement of the grievance to the department head or department head's designee within the twenty (20) working days of the date of notification of the adverse action as specified in paragraph A above.

A meeting shall be held by the Employee and a Union representative with the department head or the department head's designee within seven (7) working days after the written grievance is received. The department head or designee shall submit a written answer to the Employee or the Union within seven (7) working days after the meeting.

The department head or department head's designee shall use the conditions prescribed in §76-41(b), HRS, in reaching a decision, provided that only conditions 1 through 6 shall be used in reaching a decision for an adverse action for failure to meet performance requirements concerning a covered exempt Employee.

G. Step 2. If the grievance is not satisfactorily resolved at Step 1, the Employee or the Union may appeal the grievance in writing to the Employer or the Employer's designee within seven (7) working days after receiving the written answer. The Employer or Employer's designee need not consider any grievance at Step 2 which encompasses different alleged violations or charges than those presented at Step 1. A meeting to discuss the grievance shall be held within seven (7) working days after receipt of the appeal. The Employer or the Employer's designee shall reply in writing to the Employee or the Union within seven (7) working days after the meeting.

The Employer or Employer's designee shall use the conditions prescribed in §76-41(b), HRS, in reaching a decision provided that only conditions 1 through 6 shall be used in reaching a decision for an adverse action for failure to meet performance requirements concerning a covered exempt Employee.

H. Step 3. Performance Judge. If the grievance is not satisfactorily resolved at Step 2, and the Union desires to proceed to the Performance Judge, it shall serve written notice on the Employer or the Employer's representative of its desire to proceed to the Performance Judge within ten (10) working days after receipt of the Employer's decision at Step 2.

1. Each Employer jurisdiction and the Union shall jointly establish a performance judge list consisting of a mutually agreed upon number of persons, not less than four (4) but no more than ten (10) to serve as Performance Judges for the duration of the collective bargaining agreement. The parties may, by mutual agreement, modify the Performance Judge list at any time. In the event the parties fail to establish a Performance Judge list by mutual agreement, the Performance Judge list shall be established as follows:

a. The parties shall each submit the names of persons eligible to serve as Performance Judges. The parties shall submit no more than the mutually agreed upon number of names. For example, if the number of persons mutually agreed to is six (6), then each party shall submit no more than six (6) names.

b. A name that appears on both parties' lists shall automatically be placed on the final list of names.

c. The parties shall determine, by lot, which party shall have first choice in deleting a name from the remaining list.

d. Each party shall strike names from the list of names on an alternating basis until the agreed upon number of names remains. The remaining names shall be designated the Performance Judge list.

2. The parties shall select a Performance Judge within fourteen (14) calendar days after notice is received from the Union that it is proceeding to Step 3. If the parties are unable to select a Performance Judge by mutual agreement, the selection shall be made as follows:

a. The parties shall delete names from the established list by striking names on an alternating basis until one name remains.

b. The parties shall, by lot, determine who shall have the first choice in deleting a name from the list of Performance Judges.

c. The individual whose name remains on the list after the striking out process shall be designated as the Performance Judge.

3. If the Employer disputes the Performance Judge's jurisdiction over the grievance, the Performance Judge shall first determine whether the Performance Judge has jurisdiction to act; and if the Performance Judge finds that the Performance Judge has no such power, the grievance shall be referred back to the parties without decision or recommendation on its merits.

4. The Performance Judge shall render a decision no later than thirty (30) calendar days after the conclusion of the hearings, or if oral hearings are

waived then thirty (30) calendar days from the date written arguments submitted by the parties were received by the Performance Judge. The decision of the Performance Judge shall be final and binding, and there shall be no appeal of the Performance Judge's decision by either party, provided the decision is within the scope of the Performance Judge's authority as described below:

a. The Performance Judge shall not have the power to add to, subtract from, disregard, alter, or modify any of the terms of this agreement.

b. Pursuant to §76-41(c), HRS, the Performance Judge shall use the conditions in §76-41(b), HRS, as tests in reaching a decision on whether the Employer's action, based on a failure by the Employee to meet the performance requirements of the Employee's position, was with or without merit provided that only conditions 1 through 6 shall be used in reaching a decision for an adverse action for failure to meet performance requirements concerning a covered exempt Employee.

c. The Performance Judge shall not consider any alleged violations or charges other than those presented in Step 2.

d. In the case of an adverse action for failure to meet performance requirements where the Performance Judge finds such adverse action was improper, the Performance Judge may set aside or modify the action taken by the Employer. If the adverse action is set aside or otherwise changed, the Performance Judge may award back pay to compensate the Employee, wholly or partially, for any wages lost because of the penalty.

e. If it is alleged by the Union that the adverse action was not due to a failure to meet performance requirements but for disciplinary reasons without just and proper cause, the Performance Judge shall first proceed with a determination on the merits of the Employer's action under subsection §89-10.8 (c), HRS. If the Performance Judge determines that the adverse action may be based on reasons other than a failure to meet performance requirements, the Performance Judge shall then determine, based on appropriate standards of review, whether the disciplinary action was with or without proper cause and render a final and binding decision.

5. The fees of the Performance Judge, the cost of transcription, and other necessary general costs, shall be shared equally by the Employer and the Union. Each party will pay the cost of presenting its own case and the cost of any transcript that it requests.

## ARTICLE 12 - TEMPORARY ASSIGNMENTS

A. A temporary assignment shall mean the assignment by a competent authority and the assumption, without a formal change in position assignment, of the significant duties and responsibilities of another position due to:

1. The incumbent of the position not being able to perform the duties of the position, or

2. The incumbent of the position also serving on a temporary assignment and the department head certifies that the need for the services is immediate, essential, and in the best interest of the public, or

3. A vacancy that cannot be filled temporarily or permanently by a non-competitive promotion, a provisional appointment from within or outside the service, a transfer or a movement of another Employee and that the department head certifies that the immediate rendition of services is essential and in the best interest of the public and that such temporary assignment shall not exceed a total of 180 working days per calendar year.

B. When Employees are being considered for a temporary assignment to a position in a higher class, priority shall be given to Employees within the base yard or work place who are in the class immediately below the class of the temporary assignment, provided such Employees are able to satisfactorily perform such assignment. If there is no such Employee in the next lower class in the same series, the above procedure will be continued among the lower classes in the same series, then to related series in descending order. In the event there is no capable Employee available in the work place, the above order of priority shall be accorded to Employees within the division. In the course of selecting an Employee for temporary assignment, consideration shall also be given to an Employee's continuous length of service in the class within the jurisdiction. In the event an Employee with greater class seniority is not selected for the temporary assignment, the Employee shall upon written request, be given a written statement of the reason for non-selection by the individual making the temporary assignment.

C. The Employer shall compensate Employees for temporary assignments within thirty (30) days (approximately two pay periods) but not more than forty-five (45) days (approximately three pay periods) from the end of each payroll period in which the temporary assignments are performed.

D. Whenever an Employee performs a temporary assignment, the Employer shall provide the Employee with a record of the temporary assignment as evidence of such service for the Employee's personal use and file.

Applicable temporary assignment experience shall be recognized and applied for an Employee when applying for promotions.

## **ARTICLE 13 - PROMOTIONS**

A. Seniority as it relates to promotion shall mean an Employee's continuous length of creditable government service within the bargaining unit and applicable governmental jurisdiction. Seniority shall not apply to an Employee until the Employee has completed the Employee's initial probationary period. Upon satisfactory completion of the Employee's initial probationary period, the Employee shall be credited with seniority from the Employee's entry into the bargaining unit. All authorized leaves without pay shall not constitute a break in service and shall be creditable for computing total continuous length of service. If an Employee's continuous service is terminated in good standing and the Employee returns to the governmental jurisdiction which the Employee left within one (1) year, the break in service shall be disregarded, but shall not be considered as creditable service.

B. When making promotions, the Civil Service statutes, rules, regulations, and procedures governing promotions which exist on the effective date of this Agreement shall be applied, except as modified below:

1. For competitive promotions, the existing policies on announcements shall remain in effect. For non-competitive promotions, all notices to fill authorized vacancies shall be posted on appropriate bulletin boards for at least ten (10) calendar days prior to the closing date for receipt of applications. If the Employer does not post the notices for the specified number of days as provided in this section or in the personnel rules and regulations, the Employee shall be entitled to submit a late application.

For School Food Service Managers who are on vacation, the Employer shall mail them a copy of all School Food Service Manager vacancy announcements if said Employee provides the Employer with self-addressed, stamped envelopes for that purpose.

2. If tests and/or examinations are used in selecting Employees for promotions, the Employer assures the Union that continuing efforts will be made to use tests and/or examinations that directly relate to the skills, abilities, and qualifications required for the class.

3. An Employee selected for promotion must meet the minimum qualifications.

4. Other factors being relatively equal, seniority shall prevail.

5. When making promotions, the Employer shall consider the following order of priority:

a. In the case of the respective County jurisdictions:

(1) Employees within the division where the vacancy occurs;

(2) Employees within the department where the vacancy occurs;

(3) Employees within the respective jurisdiction.

b. In the case of the State jurisdiction:

(1) Employees within a division on the island where the vacancy occurs;

(2) Employees within the department on the island where the vacancy occurs;

(3) Employees within the division (statewide) where the vacancy occurs;

(4) Employees within the department (statewide) where the vacancy occurs;

(5) Employees within the jurisdiction on the island where the vacancy occurs;

(6) Employees within the jurisdiction (statewide).

(Note: The island of Maui includes the islands of Moloka`i, including Kalaupapa, and Lana`i.)

6. After formal interviews are concluded, the Employer shall, within a reasonable amount of time, notify the Employees who were interviewed of their selection or non-selection for promotion.

7. In the event an Employee with the greatest seniority applies and qualifies for a promotion and is denied the promotion, if the Employee so requests, the Employer shall be given a written statement of the reasons for denial.

8. Notice of selection shall be posted on the appropriate bulletin board when the selection is made.

## ARTICLE 14 - COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS

### A. General Provisions.

1. For the purpose of clarification, the provisions of this Article shall not be applicable where an Employee moves from one governmental jurisdiction to another, except as specifically provided herein.

2. For purposes of this Article, "basic rate of pay" means the rate of pay assigned to the pay range and step an Employee is receiving as compensation. For an Employee whose position is not assigned to a pay range, "basic rate of pay" shall mean the actual rate of compensation the Employee is receiving as a remuneration for services performed in a particular position, not including any differentials.

3. When the effective dates of more than one personnel action coincide, pay adjustments shall be made in the following order:

- a. Negotiated wage increase;
- b. Changeover to a new pay schedule;
- c. Repricing;
- d. Promotion;
- e. Reallocation;
- f. Other personnel actions.

4. A leave of absence without pay shall end on the day before the day an Employee reports for duty, provided that if a paid leave or a holiday immediately precedes the Employee's return to duty, the leave of absence without pay shall end upon the day before such paid leave or holiday.

5. An Employee who leaves the service without having worked on all scheduled working days for that month shall be compensated pursuant to the following formula: Employee's monthly basic rate of pay plus TD, DD, CD, SD, RD or SAD as applicable X (number of days worked/number of working days in a month, including holidays).

6. An Employee who suffers a disabling personal injury arising out of and in the course of employment, except for an injury caused by the Employee's negligence, willful intention to injure the Employee or others, or by the Employee's intoxication or because of the influence of a non-prescribed

controlled substance, shall be credited for a full day's work on the day of the injury regardless of the time the Employee is injured.

7. An Employee who initially was properly compensated following a promotion, the adoption of a new pay schedule, a temporary assignment, pricing or repricing, or any other personnel action affecting pay, shall not be required to make reimbursement when it is found subsequently that an overpayment in salary occurred due to the retroactive feature of a position classification action. However, the proper pay adjustment shall be made as of the first pay period following the date of notice of action by the director.

8. Employees who are receiving a shortage differential shall have their compensation adjusted by provisions contained in a separate supplemental agreement.

9. Employees who were on Step L5 as of July 1, 2015, or on Steps B1 or C1 as of July 1, 2020; and are no longer on a step on the salary schedule, shall have their compensation adjusted by provisions contained in a separate Memorandum of Agreement.

#### B. Compensation Adjustment Upon Promotion.

1. As used in this paragraph, "promotion" means the movement of a regular Employee from the position in which the Employee last held a permanent appointment to a vacant civil service position:

a. Prior to July 1, 2020,

1) which is assigned to a class with a higher pay range in the same salary schedule; or

2) which is assigned to a class with a higher maximum rate of compensation in a different salary schedule and the dollar difference between the two maximum rates is more than the dollar difference between the first and second step of the former pay range.

b. Effective July 1, 2020, which is assigned to a class with a higher basic rate of pay.

2. A regular Employee who is promoted shall be compensated at the

a. Prior to July 1, 2020, step in the higher pay range which corresponds to the Employee's existing step (e.g., the movement shall be from Step A1 to Step A1, or Step B1 to Step B1).



b. Effective July 1, 2020, basic rate of pay in the higher pay range.

3. Regular Employees who return to their permanent positions after a promotion on a temporary appointment basis or are released from a new probationary appointment following a promotion shall be compensated as though they had remained in their permanent positions continuously.

C. Compensation Adjustment Upon Demotion.

1. The following definitions shall be applicable to this paragraph:

a. "Demotion" means the movement of a regular Employee from the position in which the Employee last held a permanent appointment to a vacant civil service position:

1) Prior to July 1, 2020,

a) which is assigned to a class with a lower pay range in the same salary schedule; or

b) which is assigned to a class with a lower maximum rate of compensation in a different salary schedule and the dollar difference between the two maximum rates is more than the dollar difference between the minimum and second step of the former pay range.

2) Effective July 1, 2020, which is assigned to a class with a lower basic rate of pay.

b. "Demotion due to a reorganization" means a demotion of an Employee as a result of a reorganization action.

c. "Demotion to avoid layoff" means a demotion accepted by an Employee to avoid being laid off.

d. "Disciplinary demotion" means a demotion action taken by the appointing authority for disciplinary reasons.

e. "Involuntary demotion" means a demotion action taken by the appointing authority due to the Employee's inability to perform the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's position, or due to the Employee's failure to meet qualification requirements for the position.

f. "Non-service connected disability demotion" means the movement of an Employee to a vacant civil service position assigned to a

class with a lower pay range in the salary schedule, due to a disability sustained by the Employee other than while performing the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's position.

g. "Service connected disability demotion" means the movement of a regular Employee or an Employee serving an initial probationary period to a vacant civil service position assigned to:

1) Prior to July 1, 2020, a class with a lower pay range in the salary schedule, due to a disability sustained by the Employee while performing the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's position.

2) Effective July 1, 2020, a class with a lower basic rate of pay, due to a disability sustained by the Employee while performing the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's position.

h. "Voluntary demotion" means a demotion requested by an Employee and granted by the appointing authority.

## 2. Disciplinary or Involuntary Demotion.

a. A regular Employee who is involuntarily demoted or who is demoted for disciplinary reasons shall be compensated at the

1) Prior to July 1, 2020, corresponding step in the lower pay range or any lower step in the lower pay range.

2) Effective July 1, 2020, basic rate of pay in the lower pay range.

b. Upon release from a disciplinary demotion given on a temporary basis, a regular Employee shall be compensated as though the Employee had remained in the former position continuously.

## 3. Demotion to Avoid Layoff; Demotion Due to Reorganization; Service Connected Disability Demotion.

An Employee who accepts a demotion to avoid layoff; or is demoted due to a reorganization; or who receives a service connected disability demotion,

a. Prior to July 1, 2020, shall retain the Employee's basic rate of pay; provided:

1) If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two

steps in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the lower step in the lower pay range whose rate is immediately below the Employee's basic rate of pay and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

2) If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the maximum step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

b. Effective July 1, 2020, shall be compensated at the basic rate of pay in the lower pay range and shall be entitled to a demotion differential.

4. Non-Service Connected Disability Demotion.

An Employee who receives a non-service connected disability demotion shall be compensated as provided below:

a. Prior to July 1, 2020,

1) A regular Employee who has fifteen or more years of continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's governmental jurisdiction shall retain the Employee's basic rate of pay; provided that:

a) If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two steps in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the lower step in the lower pay range whose rate of pay is immediately below the Employee's basic rate of pay and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

b) If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the maximum step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

2) A regular Employee with at least five years but less than fifteen years of continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's governmental jurisdiction shall retain the Employee's basic rate of pay for a period beyond the effective date of the demotion as follows:

<u>Years of Service</u>	<u>Months of Compensation Retention</u>
5	12

6	14
7	16
8	18
9	20
10	22
11	24
12	26
13	28
14	30

a) If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two steps in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the lower step in the lower pay range whose rate of pay is immediately below the Employee's basic rate of pay and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

b) If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the maximum step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

3) The basic rate of pay of a regular Employee with less than five years of continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's governmental jurisdiction, or a regular Employee whose retention period as prescribed in clause b., has expired, shall be adjusted in the manner of adjustments for service connected disability demotion, provided the Employee shall not be entitled to temporary differential.

b. Effective July 1, 2020, compensation adjustment for a non-service connected disability demotion shall be in the manner prescribed in paragraph C.3.b.

## 5. Voluntary Demotion.

a. A regular Employee who accepts a voluntary demotion shall be compensated

1) Prior to July 1, 2020, at the highest step in the lower pay range which rate is not greater than ninety-five percent of the Employee's basic rate of pay. If there is no step in the lower pay range which rate is not greater than ninety-five percent of the Employee's basic rate of pay, the Employee shall be compensated at the minimum step.

2) Effective July 1, 2020, at the basic rate of pay in the

lower pay range.

b. Upon return to the position in which an Employee last held a permanent appointment, a regular Employee who is demoted on a temporary appointment basis or who is released from a new probationary appointment following a demotion shall be compensated as though the Employee had remained in the former position continuously.

D. Compensation Adjustment Upon Transfer.

1. "Transfer" means the movement of a regular Employee from the position in which the Employee last held a permanent appointment to a vacant civil service position which is assigned to a class:

a. Prior to July 1, 2020,

1) with the same maximum rate of compensation; or

2) in a different salary schedule with a higher maximum rate of compensation, and the dollar difference between the two maximum rates is less than or equal to the dollar difference between the minimum and second step of the former pay range; or

3) in a different salary schedule with a lower maximum rate of compensation and the dollar difference between the two maximum rates is less than or equal to the dollar difference between the minimum and second step of the former pay range.

b. Effective July 1, 2020, with the same basic rate of pay.

2. A regular Employee who is transferred shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.

E. Compensation Adjustment Upon Reallocation.

1. The following definitions shall be applicable to this paragraph:

a. "Reallocation Downward" means the reallocation of a position to a class assigned to a lower pay range in the salary schedule.

b. "Reallocation Upward" means the reallocation of a position to a class assigned to a higher pay range in the salary schedule.

2. Compensation following reallocation upwards shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion.

3. Compensation adjustment for a reallocation downwards shall be in the manner prescribed in paragraph C.3. However, when downward reallocations are due to disciplinary, involuntary, or voluntary reasons, the Employee's basic rate of pay shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for disciplinary, involuntary, or voluntary demotions, as applicable.

4. Compensation following reallocation of a position in a class to the same pay range shall be adjusted in the manner of adjustments for transfer.

5. Upon return to the original classification of the Employee's position after a temporary reallocation upward, the Employee shall be compensated at the rate the Employee would have received were it not for the temporary reallocation.

F. Compensation Adjustment Upon Repricing.

1. The basic rate of pay of an Employee whose position is in a class which is repriced to a higher pay range shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion.

2. The basic rate of pay of an Employee whose position is in a class which is repriced to a lower pay range shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments are prescribed in paragraph C.3.

G. Compensation of Employees Selected From an Open Competitive List Resulting From a Recruitment Above the Minimum.

1. Prior to July 1, 2020, notwithstanding any paragraph in this Article, Employees selected through an open competitive recruitment which permits hiring above the first step of the pay range may be compensated at a rate determined by the Employer upon their appointment from the open competitive list; provided that the amounts the Employees will receive are not less than the amounts the Employees would have received if the Employees were compensated in accordance with the applicable paragraph.

2. Effective July 1, 2020, there will be only one step on the pay range therefore hiring above the minimum will no longer be applicable.

H. Compensation For Temporary Assignment Performed.

Compensation for temporary assignment shall be as follows:

1. Except as provided in subparagraph 6, the basic rate of an Employee who performs temporary assignment involving a position assigned to a class in a higher pay range in the salary schedule shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion except that any temporary differential

and/or demotion differential which the Employee was receiving shall not be added to the basic rate of pay but shall be retained by the Employee while performing the temporary assignment.

2. An Employee who performs a temporary assignment involving a position assigned to the same or lower pay range in the salary schedule shall continue to be compensated at the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to the temporary assignment.

3. Whenever a temporary assignment involves the assumption of duties and responsibilities of an exempt position not assigned to a pay range (regardless of whether the exempt position is within the bargaining unit or outside of the bargaining unit), Employees will be compensated at the prescribed statutory rate of pay if such rate is higher than the Employee's existing basic rate of pay. If there is no prescribed statutory rate, the appointing authority may exercise discretion in setting compensation for temporary assignment; provided, the compensation shall be no less than the Employee's basic rate of pay.

4. Whenever a temporary assignment is made for an exempt Employee whose position is not assigned to the salary schedule, and whose temporary assignment involves the assumption of the significant duties and responsibilities of a position assigned to a salary schedule outside of the bargaining unit (other than the Excluded Managerial Compensation Plan), the following will be used to determine whether the assignment is to a higher pay range:

The maximum rate for the class to which temporary assignment is made is higher than the Employee's existing rate; provided, the dollar difference between the two is more than 5% of the Employee's existing basic rate of pay.

If the temporary assignment is to a position in a higher pay range, as determined above, the Employee will be compensated at that step in the higher pay range which exceeds the Employee's existing rate by 5%. If there is no step in the higher pay range which rate exceeds the Employee's basic rate of pay by at least 5%, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step in the higher pay range or at the Employee's basic rate of compensation, whichever is greater.

If the temporary assignment does not involve a higher pay range as determined above, the Employee shall be compensated pursuant to subparagraph 2.

5. Whenever a temporary assignment involves the assumption of the duties and responsibilities of a position assigned to a salary schedule outside of the bargaining unit (other than the Excluded Managerial Compensation Plan),

the following will be used to determine whether the assignment is to a higher pay range:

a. Prior to July 1, 2020

The position is in a class for which the maximum rate for the class is higher than the maximum rate for the Employee's class; provided, the dollar difference between the two maximum rates is more than the dollar difference between the minimum and second step of the Employee's pay range.

b. Effective July 1, 2020

The position is in a class for which the maximum rate for the class is higher than the Employee's existing rate; provided, the dollar difference between the two is more than 5% of the Employee's existing basic rate of pay.

If the temporary assignment involves a position in a higher pay range, as determined in a. or b. above, then the Employee will be compensated at that step in the higher pay range which exceeds the Employee's existing rate by 5%. If there is no step in the higher pay range which rate exceeds the Employee's basic rate of pay by at least 5%, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step in the higher pay range or at the Employee's basic rate of compensation, whichever is greater.

If the temporary assignment does not involve a higher pay range as determined in a. or b. above, the Employee shall be compensated pursuant to subparagraph 2.

6. Compensation adjustments shall not be provided for the following:

a. An Employee whose position includes assuming the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's superior in the absence of the superior and which assignment is recognized in the Employee's position classification and pricing.

b. An Employee who performs duties in accordance with the terms of a formal training agreement entered into with the Employee's department head and approved by the director.

I. Temporary Differential Pay, Compression Differential Pay and Demotion Differential Pay.

1. Temporary Differential Pay.



a. An Employee shall be eligible for temporary differential pay as may be provided in this Article. The amount of TD pay shall be the difference between the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to the action taken and the Employee's new basic rate of pay.

b. The TD pay shall not be considered part of an Employee's basic rate of pay.

c. The TD pay shall be reduced by an amount equal to any adjustment in the Employee's basic rate of pay due to promotion, upward reallocation, or repricing upward actions. When the adjustment due to these actions is greater than or equal to the TD pay, the TD pay shall be terminated.

d. When an Employee with TD pay is demoted or transferred, or whose position is reallocated to a class in the same or lower pay range, the TD shall be continued in the new pay range.

## 2. Compression Differential Pay.

a. When an Employee with a compression differential (CD) is demoted, or transferred, or whose position is reallocated to a class in the same or lower pay range, the CD shall be continued in the new pay range.

b. When a regular Employee is released from a probational or temporary appointment and returns to the position to which the Employee last held a permanent appointment, the CD shall be restored as though the Employee had remained in the former position continuously.

## 3. Demotion Differential Pay.

a. An Employee may be eligible for demotion differential (DD) pay as provided in this Article. The amount of DD pay shall be the difference between the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to a demotion and the Employee's new basic rate of pay.

b. The DD pay shall not be considered part of the Employee's basic rate of pay.

c. When an Employee with DD pay is promoted, reallocated upward, or repriced upward, the DD pay shall be reduced by an amount equal to any adjustment in the Employee's basic rate of pay. When the adjustment due to these actions is greater than or equal to the DD pay, the DD pay shall be terminated.

d. When an Employee with DD pay is demoted, transferred, or reallocated to a class in the same or lower pay range, the DD pay shall be continued in the new pay range.

J. Compensation Adjustment for Non-Regular Employees.

1. Movements of non-regular Employees to other civil service positions shall not be classified as promotions, transfers, or demotions, but shall be considered as new appointments and compensation adjustments upon these new appointments shall be as prescribed in this paragraph.

2. A non-regular Employee who is moved from the position in which the Employee was serving a probational appointment to another position assigned to the same pay range shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.

3. A non-regular Employee who is moved from the position in which the Employee was serving a temporary appointment to another position in the same pay range and pay schedule and in the same department shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.

4. Non-regular Employees serving temporary appointments who are converted to initial probational or permanent appointments in the same positions that the Employees were serving temporary appointments will continue to receive the same basic rate of pay they were receiving while serving temporary appointments.

5. The compensation of a non-regular Employee after a personnel transaction other than as described in subparagraphs 2, 3, and 4 shall be at

- a. Prior to July 1, 2020, the initial step of the pay range.
- b. Effective July 1, 2020, the basic rate of pay of the pay range.

K. Compensation Adjustment for Exempt Employees Accepting Civil Service Appointments, Or Whose Exempt Positions Are Converted To Civil Service Positions.

1. Exempt Employees who move to civil service positions or who are granted civil service status pursuant to legislation shall not have the transaction considered as promotions, transfers, or demotions. Such transactions shall be considered new appointments and pay adjustments upon these new appointments shall be as prescribed in this paragraph.

2. An exempt Employee who is granted civil service status pursuant to legislation shall retain the basic rate of pay the Employee was receiving immediately prior to being granted civil service status; provided:

a. Prior to July 1, 2020

1) If the Employee's rate of pay falls between two steps in the salary schedule, the Employee shall be compensated at the lower step.

2) If the Employee's rate of pay falls below the minimum step of the salary schedule, the Employee shall be compensated at the minimum step.

3) If the Employee's rate of pay falls above the maximum step of the salary schedule, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step.

b. Effective July 1, 2020

The employee shall be compensated at the basic rate of pay of the pay range.

3. Exempt Employees selected from an open competitive list to civil service positions other than as described in subparagraph 1, shall be compensated

a. Prior to July 1, 2020, at the initial step of the pay range.

b. Effective July 1, 2020, at the basic rate of pay of the pay range.

L. Compensation Adjustment for Employees Moving to Exempt Appointments.

Movements of Employees to exempt positions shall not be classified as promotions, transfers, or demotions, but shall be considered as new appointments and compensation adjustments upon these new appointments shall be as follows:

1. The Employee shall be compensated at the prescribed statutory rate for the exempt position; or,

2. If there is no prescribed statutory rate, then the rate determined by the appointing authority.

M. Compensation Adjustments for Regular Employees Serving Limited Term Appointments, Temporary Appointments, or New Probational Appointments, in Another Position.

1. Regular Employees serving limited term appointments, temporary appointments, or new probational appointments, who are promoted, transferred, or demoted, or whose permanent position is reallocated or repriced shall have their compensation adjusted from their permanent positions pursuant to paragraphs B, C, D, E, or F, as applicable, except as follows:

a. An Employee who is moved from the position in which the Employee was serving a probational appointment to another position assigned to the same pay range shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.

b. An Employee who is moved from the position in which the Employee was serving a temporary appointment to another position in the same class and in the same department shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.

2. Regular Employees serving limited term or other temporary appointments who are converted to probational or permanent appointments in the same positions that they were serving on a limited term or other temporary appointment basis shall continue to receive the same basic rate of pay they were receiving while serving the limited term or temporary appointment.

N. Compensation Adjustments Following an Intergovernmental Movement Made Pursuant to Law.

When an intergovernmental movement has been made pursuant to law, the compensation of the regular Employee involved shall be adjusted as follows:

1. If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee moves to a position assigned to a class with a higher pay range in the salary schedule than the previous pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion.

2. If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee moves to a position assigned to a class with the same pay range in the salary schedule as the previous pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the manner of adjustments for transfer.

3. If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee moves to a position assigned to a class with a lower pay range in the salary schedule than the previous pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for voluntary demotion.

O. Other Compensation Adjustments. Compensation adjustments not expressly provided for by this Agreement but necessitated by authorized personnel movements or situations shall be made by the chief personnel or human resources executive, as applicable; provided that consultation shall take place with the Union prior to effecting any adjustments under this paragraph.

#### **ARTICLE 14A – WORKERS’ COMPENSATION LEAVE BENEFIT**

A. An Employee who is absent from work because of injuries and/or illnesses incurred while working and is receiving workers’ compensation wage loss replacement benefits or temporary total disability or temporary partial disability payments shall continue to earn vacation and sick leave credits as though the Employee was not absent from work.

B. An Employee who is absent from work and is receiving workers’ compensation wage loss replacement benefits may use accumulated sick leave credits to receive an additional amount that would bring the Employee’s total compensation to a sum equal to the Employee’s regular compensation. In the event the Employee does not have any accrued sick leave credits, the Employee may elect to use accrued vacation credits to bring the Employee’s total payment to a sum equal to the Employee’s regular salary. Accumulated credits may be used to continue the Employee’s regular compensation during the waiting period.

C. An Employee shall not forfeit any excess accumulated vacation leave credit when the Employee is receiving workers’ compensation wage loss replacement benefits. The taking of excess vacation leave under Article 35.B. shall apply.

D. An Employee is entitled to use the sick and vacation leave credits earned during the period of absence from work.

#### **ARTICLE 15 - NOTIFICATION OF ELIGIBILITY**

Employees on promotional eligible lists for classes of work covered by this Agreement shall be notified of the duration of such lists at the time they are established and any extensions thereof.

#### **ARTICLE 16 - TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT**

A. The parties agree that Employees shall be notified (posted on bulletin boards) by the Employer and encouraged to participate in training and development programs. The Employer shall notify the Union of all existing

training programs. The Employer shall meet and confer with the Union to formulate new training programs prior to implementation.

B. All training and development which the Employer requires of an Employee shall be conducted during working hours. When such training or development falls outside of the Employee's normal work hours, the Employee's normal work hours may be adjusted so as to accommodate the time spent in training or development. The adjustment in work hours shall not be construed to be working a split shift.

C. A regular Employee shall be permitted to request attendance in a training program, course of instruction, conference or seminars and the Employer shall approve such a request if the following conditions are met:

1. The training program, course of instruction, conferences or seminars meets the approval of the Employer, is related to the Employee's job, and will improve the Employee's skills to meet the needs of the Employer.

2. Attendance in the training program, course of instruction, conferences or seminars will not disrupt the normal operations of the Employer.

3. Funds are available.

4. Upon satisfactory completion of courses of instruction or training programs approved by the Employer, the Employer shall reimburse the Employee for the cost of tuition, books, and supplies, as applicable, provided any textbooks paid for by the government shall remain its property.

D. The Employer shall inform affected Employees of new work procedures which relate directly to their work.

E. Subject to the conditions of paragraphs C.1. and C.2. above and if sufficient funds are not available, the Employee may be permitted to participate at the Employee's own expense in training programs or courses of instruction which are scheduled during working hours with the prior approval of the Employer or designated representatives.

F. The Employer shall provide in-service training programs.

G. Evidence of satisfactory completion of any training courses or programs shall be placed in the Employee's personnel file and may be used as a factor in giving consideration in the Employee's future promotion; however, said consideration shall not be construed as affording the Employee precedence or preference over other Employees who have demonstrated greater job proficiency or have greater experience.

H. The Employer and the Union jointly shall provide a regularly scheduled pre-retirement advisory program covering benefits and rights of retired Employees. Those Employees who are contemplating retirement may attend this program.

I. Whenever an Employee applies for and is denied training, the Employee shall upon written request be informed of the reasons for denial in writing.

## **ARTICLE 17 - PERSONNEL FILE**

A. An Employee shall, upon request and by appointment, be permitted to examine the Employee's personnel files. The Employee shall be given a copy of any material if it is to be used in connection with a grievance or personnel hearing.

B. No derogatory material shall be placed in the personnel file unless the Employee has had an opportunity to read the material and an opportunity to sign it indicating the Employee had read the material. The Employee shall also be given an opportunity to attach explanatory remarks.

C. Upon request of the Employee or the Union with consent of the Employee, derogatory material in an Employee's file shall be destroyed after two (2) years, unless the department head makes a determination of the current relevancy of such material. If the Employee or the Union, upon consent of the Employee, disputes the relevancy of such material, the department head shall attach the reasons for relevancy to such material in writing. The Employee or the Union may again request destruction of such material after one (1) year.

If the department head determines that the material is relevant currently, it may remain in the file for another year and again reviewed in the same manner.

D. Any derogatory material shall be destroyed after five (5) years.

E. The employment history record shall not be destroyed.

F. The Employer may maintain more than one personnel file; however, one of these files shall include, but not be limited to, an Employee's personnel transaction records, derogatory materials, commendatory materials and performance evaluations. The Employer shall designate and inform the Union of the location of the file.

## ARTICLE 18 - PERSONAL RIGHTS AND REPRESENTATION

A. The Employer shall not require Employees to transport government equipment in their private vehicles, if such Employees do not receive mileage allowance.

B. Upon the request of the Union, existing dress and personal appearance codes shall be reviewed by the Employer or designee and Union. The Employer or designee shall consult with the Union before establishing new dress and personal appearance codes.

C. Both parties agree that Employees shall not use their business addresses (place of employment) to receive personal mail; provided, however, if personal mail is sent to Employees' business addresses without their knowledge or consent, the Employer shall endeavor to forward such personal mail unopened.

D. The Employer shall provide Employees with supplies and equipment which are required in the performance of the Employee's official duties. Except in the case of negligence on the part of the Employee, when such equipment is stolen, lost, damaged and/or worn out it shall be repaired or replaced by the Employer.

E. The Employer shall provide legal counsel for an Employee upon request when:

1. The Employee is sued for actions taken by the Employee in the course of the Employee's employment and within the scope of the Employee's duties and responsibilities.

2. The Employee must appear as a defendant or is subpoenaed to appear in court when sued for actions taken in the course of employment and within the scope of the Employee's duties and responsibilities.

3. The Employee must appear as a witness or is subpoenaed to appear in court on a matter arising in the course of employment and within the scope of the Employee's duties and responsibilities.

4. The Employee is required to give deposition or answer interrogatories on a matter arising in the course of employment and within the scope of the Employee's duties and responsibilities.

In addition, the Employee's required presence in any of the foregoing situations shall be considered work time, provided, whenever an Employee's required presence is on the Employee's scheduled day off or holiday off, the Employee shall be guaranteed a minimum of three (3) hours straight time pay.



F. When grievances are filed against Employees of this unit for actions taken by them in the course of their employment and within the scope of their supervisory and/or managerial duties and responsibilities, the Employer shall provide them with necessary staff support and representation. When such assistance is requested by the Employee and the Employer fails to furnish such assistance, the Employee will not be penalized for any improper action taken.

G. The Employer shall provide Employees with advice and assistance in the interpretation and administration of collective bargaining contracts or agreements covering their subordinates. Whenever Employees perform or carry out their assigned supervisory and/or managerial duties and responsibilities, based on such advice and assistance, the Employer agrees to provide full support to the Employees should conflict or grievances arise.

H. The Employee shall have the right to refuse for good cause as determined by the Employer to work overtime, to accept a temporary assignment, and to perform any work not representative of the Employee's class.

I. If a judgment or court approved settlement is made against an Employee in a civil suit for actions taken by the Employee in the course of the Employee's employment and within the scope of the Employee's duties and responsibilities, the Employer agrees to do no more than submit to the Legislature or the County Council any judgment (or court approved settlement) against the Employee, with the Employer retaining the discretion of recommending or not recommending legislative approval.

J. Bill of Rights.

1. No Employee shall be required to sign a statement of complaint filed against the Employee.

2. If the Employer pursues an investigation based on such complaint, the Employee shall be advised of the seriousness of the complaint. The Employee will be informed of the complaint, and will be afforded an opportunity to respond to the complaint, and to furnish evidence in support of the Employee's case. The Employee shall have the right to be represented by the Union in presenting the Employee's case.

3. Before making a final decision, the Employer shall review and consider all available evidence and data, including factors supporting the Employee's position, whether or not the Employee offers such factors in the Employee's own defense.

4. If the complaint filed against the Employee results in disciplinary action, and the Union or Employee believes that the action taken is improper or

unjust, the Union or Employee shall have the right to process a grievance pursuant to Article 11, Grievance Procedure.

## ARTICLE 19 - UNIFORMS

### I. General Application

A. A uniform shall be defined as those items of distinctive clothing which are required by the Employer and which meet the following conditions:

1. Used to identify a specific group of Employees.
2. Shirt and/or trousers, blouse and/or skirt, dress or other clothing must be of the same design, color, cut, and style, and made of similar material for a specific group of Employees.

B. Uniform accessories which are required by the Employer shall be furnished by the Employer and shall remain the property of the Employer while in the custody of the Employee. Accessories include, but are not limited to, the following:

- |                    |                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Sam Browne belt | 7. Hat                       |
| 2. Holster         | 8. Ammo pouch                |
| 3. Handcuffs       | 9. Name tag                  |
| 4. Handcuff case   | 10. Flashlight and batteries |
| 5. Patches         | 11. Whistle                  |
| 6. Badges          |                              |

C. The following items of apparel are not considered as part of a uniform:

1. Work clothing such as coveralls, aprons, smocks, etc.
2. Shoes, boots, socks, and ties. (Whenever the Employer requires the Employees to wear safety shoes or safety boots, the Employer shall provide such items.)
3. Shirts normally worn under a uniform coat or blouse. (Shirts of a distinctive uniform appearance normally worn as an outside garment in place of a uniform coat or blouse are considered as part of the uniform.)

### D. Damaged or Lost Uniforms.

1. If an Employee's uniform is destroyed or damaged while worn in the performance of duty and without negligence, the Employer shall either replace the item or items of uniform destroyed, or reimburse the Employee for the cost

of the item or items of uniform destroyed; provided that the Employee's supervisor recommends replacement or reimbursement and the Employer or its designee approves such recommendation.

2. Replacement or reimbursement shall not be made by the Employer when a uniform is lost, stolen, destroyed or damaged due to negligence by the Employee, or where the uniform is willfully destroyed or damaged by the Employee.

E. The Employer shall post on the bulletin board a list of approved vendors where uniforms shall be purchased. A copy of this list shall also be furnished to the Union.

F. Whenever an Employee is required by the Employer to wear a uniform, the Employer shall have the option to (1) clean such uniforms or (2) provide a uniform maintenance allowance as follows:

1. Button shirt and pants - \$20.00 per month.
2. Button shirt or pants or jacket - \$10.00 per month.
3. T-shirt or shorts or both - \$6.00 per month.

G. Effective July 1, 2020, whenever an Employee is required by the Employer to wear a uniform, the Employer shall have the option to (1) clean such uniforms or (2) provide a uniform maintenance allowance as follows:

1. Button shirt and pants - \$25.00 per month.
2. Button shirt or pants or jacket - \$15.00 per month.
3. T-shirt or shorts or both - \$10.00 per month.

Such allowance for each fiscal year shall be paid once annually on or about June 30 of the fiscal year. If the employment of the Employee commences or terminates during the fiscal year, the sum paid shall be adjusted on a prorated basis. No allowance shall be payable during periods of suspensions of five (5) or more days or for periods when the Employee is on any leave of absence without pay.

## II. Existing Policies and/or Practices

A. All policies and/or practices existing on the effective date of the Agreement which provide or require that the Employer either initially furnish uniforms to Employees, or initially reimburse Employees for the cost of the

uniforms which are purchased from a vendor approved by the Employer shall be continued for the duration of the Agreement.

B. All policies and/or practices of the Employer existing on the effective date of the Agreement which provide for the replacement of uniforms due to normal wear and tear, or which provide for a replacement allowance for uniforms due to normal wear and tear shall be continued for the duration of the Agreement, except that the replacement allowance shall be 75% of the actual replacement cost of the items of uniforms purchased by the Employee.

### III. Uniforms for New Groups of Employees

In the event that the Employer determines that a group of Employees, other than those covered by existing policies and/or practices, be required to wear uniforms, the following shall apply:

1. The Employer shall consult with the Union to determine the reasonable number of sets of uniforms which specific groups of Employees are entitled to receive on an initial basis.

2. The Employer shall either furnish the uniforms or reimburse Employees for the cost of the uniforms which are purchased from a vendor approved by the Employer.

3. The replacement of uniforms due to wear and tear shall be by Employer approval.

4. The Employer may choose to furnish such replacement or provide for replacement allowance of seventy-five percent (75%) of the actual replacement cost of the items of uniforms purchased by the Employee.

5. If the Employer opts for the replacement allowance, the items of uniform being replaced shall be purchased from an approved vendor and substantiated by a receipt.

## **ARTICLE 20 - SAFETY AND HEALTH**

A. Safety and Health Requirements. The Employer shall conform to and comply with applicable regulations requiring safe, healthy, and sanitary working conditions prescribed by the Department of Health, Department of Labor, or any other governmental body. In addition, the Employer shall insure compliance with the applicable provisions of the current Hawai'i Occupational Safety and Health Law or the current Federal Occupational Safety and Health Standards. The Employer shall provide, among other things:

1. When feasible in the renovation or construction of government buildings, the Employer shall endeavor to include in the Employer's specifications, provisions to provide, but not limited to the following: air conditioning; cold water fountains; restrooms for Employees separate from public restrooms; areas for meals.

2. When adequate lighting is essential to the performance of a specific function, the Employer shall provide necessary lighting equipment.

B. Protective Clothing and Safety Equipment and Tools.

The Employer shall at its expense furnish its Employees with appropriate safety equipment, including protective eye and foot devices (such as prescription safety glasses, goggles, face shields, safety shoes, rubber boots), when such equipment is required in connection with the Employee's official duties by the codes and rules and regulations of the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations. Whenever such safety devices or personal protective equipment are provided, the Employee shall be required to use them.

1. When safety-toe footwear meeting the requirements and specifications of the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Standards under the Code of Federal Regulations Title 29 (29 CFR) or the current Hawai'i Administrative Rules Title 12 Subtitle 8 (Title 12 HAR) (whichever standard contains the higher level of protection) is required, the following shall apply:

a. The Employer shall provide an allowance up to an amount to be mutually agreed upon between each jurisdiction and the Union for such jurisdiction toward the purchase of such footwear by Employees from any vendor. In the event a mutual agreement cannot be reached, the lowest price quotation available shall be used for the allowance.

b. Whenever the Employer utilizes competitive bidding procedures, the paragraph above shall not apply. In such event, the Employer shall pay up to the accepted bid price. Further, in the event that an Employee desires a footwear of another brand or model that meets the approved specifications, the Employee shall be permitted to acquire such footwear from the approved vendor or, when such footwear is not available, from another vendor. In such case, the Employee shall pay any difference greater than the bid price.

c. With respect to the first two paragraphs, the Union shall be consulted in developing lists of approved brands and/or models of such footwear that may be acquired at the option of Employees.

d. Required safety-toe rubber boots or other types of safety-toe footwear not specified above shall be provided at no cost to the Employees.

e. Replacement of such safety footwear will be made by the Employer whenever it is accidentally damaged, without negligence, or worn out through normal wear and tear in the performance of the Employee's official duties. It is provided that the Employer shall have the option to repair, at its expense, the worn or damaged heels of safety footwear within the first six (6) months after issuance in lieu of replacing the entire safety footwear.

f. The Employer shall be permitted to inspect safety footwear that is to be replaced prior to approving the replacement. Replaced safety footwear shall become the property of the Employee and shall not be worn at work; provided however, that the Employer shall have the option to place on it a distinctive mark.

g. Each Employee whose duties require protective shoes as provided under this Article shall be provided with a second pair of such shoes when all of the following conditions are met:

1) Such shoes become wet frequently and on a regular basis as a result of the Employee's duties.

2) Wetness results from water or muddy conditions.

3) Wetness which saturates the shoes will occur in spite of reasonable precautions and preventive measures.

4) Rubber boots when provided are not reasonable to wear (a) due to the nature of work or (b) for more than four hours per workday.

2. When prescription safety glasses which meets the requirements of the current Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Standards under the Code of Federal Regulations Title 29 (29 CFR) or the current Hawai'i Administrative Rules Title 12 Subtitle 8 (Title 12 HAR) (whichever standard contains the higher level of protection) are required, the following shall apply:

a. The Employer shall pay up to the reasonable cost of such standard prescription safety lenses and standard non-cosmetic safety frame within each jurisdiction, excluding the cost of contact lenses.

b. Replacement of prescription safety glasses and/or frame shall be allowed when (1) such items are damaged or lost, without

negligence on the part of the Employee in the performance of the Employee's duties, and (2) when replacement is required because of changes in the Employee's vision.

c. The cost for eye examination and dispensing of safety glasses shall be borne by the Employee; provided however, any jurisdiction which is presently reimbursing its Employees for the cost of the eye examinations and dispensing of safety prescription glasses will continue to do so for the duration of the Agreement. In the event that an Employee's prescription safety glasses and/or frame is damaged or destroyed while the Employee is acting in the discharge of the Employee's duties without negligence and an eye examination is required by the dispenser in order to obtain a replacement of such glasses, the Employer shall pay for the entire cost of such eye examinations and dispensing cost. Where an optical dispenser is available which accepts existing prescriptions without requiring a new eye examination, such dispenser shall be utilized by the Employee.

d. The vendors for the prescription safety glasses shall be selected by the Employee; except that when bidding procedures are utilized, such vendors shall be designated by the Employer.

e. Whenever the Employer utilizes competitive bidding procedures paragraph 2.a. above shall not apply. In such event, the Employer shall pay up to the accepted bid price, including eye examination as provided in paragraph 2.c. above. Furthermore, an Employee who desires to acquire prescription safety glasses which are not on the approved bid list but which meet the approved safety specifications shall be permitted to acquire such prescription safety glasses from the approved bidding vendor, provided that the Employee shall pay any difference greater than the bid price.

3. All requests for the purchase or replacement of safety equipment shall be processed through the Employee's immediate supervisor.

C. Working Conditions.

1. Toilet facilities will be provided.

2. Clean, cool, potable drinking water shall be made accessible.

3. All office and work areas shall be provided with natural or mechanical systems of ventilation.

D. The Employer shall endeavor to provide security and protection for public Employees in offices where there have been experiences of frequent threats or violence.

## **ARTICLE 21 - EQUIPMENT**

The Employer shall consult, whenever practicable, with the Employees who are responsible for the use and maintenance of equipment on the contemplated purchase or leasing of equipment.

## **ARTICLE 22 - TEMPORARY HAZARD PAY**

A. Award and Approval. Upon recommendation of a department head or the Union, the Personnel Director, in consultation with the Union, shall grant hazard pay to Employees who are temporarily exposed to unusually hazardous working conditions and where the following conditions are met (where the Union initiates a request, the request shall be addressed to the affected department head with a copy to the Personnel Director):

1. The exposure to unusually hazardous working conditions is temporary;
2. The degree of hazard is "Most Severe" or "Severe"; and
3. The unusually hazardous working conditions have not been considered in the assignment of the class to a salary range.

B. Hazard Pay Differentials. Hazard pay differentials shall be based on the minimum step of the Employee's salary range and shall be prorated as follows:

1. Most Severe--twenty-five percent (25%).
  - a. Exposure likely to result in serious incapacitation, long period of time lost, or possible loss of life.
  - b. Accidents occur frequently in spite of reasonable safety precautions.
  - c. Frequent exposure to hazard where failure to exercise extreme care and judgment might cause an accident which would result in total disability or fatality.
2. Severe--fifteen percent (15%).
  - a. Frequent injuries likely but serious accidents rare.



b. Exposure leads to possible eye injuries, loss of fingers, or serious burns.

c. Might cause incapacitation.

d. Moderate periods of compensable lost time result.

3. Any disagreement on the granting of Temporary Hazard Pay or the differential granted shall be subject to the grievance procedure and in accordance with Step 2 of Article 11, Grievance Procedure.

C. Computing Hazard Pay. The basic unit for computing such payments shall be the hour provided that:

1. A fraction of an hour shall be considered an hour;

2. A half day's pay at hazard rates shall be allowed for one (1) or more but less than four (4) hours of hazard work per day;

3. A full day's pay at hazard rates shall be allowed for four (4) or more hours of hazard work per day; and

4. This pay is in addition to any other rate that may apply to the job.

D. Duration of Hazard Pay Award. Such hazard pay award shall remain in effect for a period not to exceed six (6) months but may be renewed by the Personnel Director or the representative upon showing by the department head that the working conditions and duties remain the same.

E. Forms and Other Requirements. Recommendations for hazard pay differentials shall be submitted on such forms and such manner as the Employer may require.

## **ARTICLE 23 - OVERTIME**

A. Coverage: Credit for Overtime Work. Employees are entitled to receive cash payment or compensatory time credit because of overtime work.

B. Occurrence of Overtime Work. Overtime work occurs when an Employee renders service at the direction of proper authority and if the performance of such service is:

1. In excess of a scheduled eight (8) hour workday.

2. In excess of forty (40) straight time hours per workweek.

3. On any day which is observed as a legal holiday; whenever the major portion of a shift falls on a day observed as a legal holiday, work performed during the entire eight (8) hour shift shall constitute overtime work provided that no further credit because of the overtime work shall be granted notwithstanding any other provision of this Article.

4. On the Employee's scheduled day off and there has been no change, by mutual consent (or by due prior notice), in the work schedule.

5. In operating units subject to shift work when an Employee is required to report to a new shift with less than a lapse of twelve (12) hours of rest, the Employee shall continue to earn overtime until such a rest period is granted.

6. Whenever an Employee is required to perform overtime work within the sixteen (16) hour period immediately prior to the start of the Employee's scheduled workday and does not receive at least a total of ten (10) hours of rest within such sixteen (16) hour period, the Employee shall be entitled to overtime credits to be applied to the straight-time hours actually worked on such scheduled workday which shall be equal to the difference between the ten (10) hours and the number of actual hours of rest received.

7. In accordance with specific conditions stipulated by this Agreement.

8. If work schedules are not posted two (2) weeks in advance for Employees who are required to work on scheduled shifts as defined in Paragraph L-2 below, Employees affected shall be credited for overtime work for each hour of work performed on the first day of such new schedule.

9. In operating units rendering public service seven (7) days per week, whenever an Employee whose work is subject to shifts is required to render full-time service for more than six (6) consecutive days, the Employee shall be entitled to overtime for each hour of work performed on the seventh day and each succeeding day until the Employee is granted a period of rest for twenty-four (24) non-work hours.

C. Additions and exceptions to the above provision are as follows:

1. Occurrence of overtime work with respect to official leave with pay or compensatory time--any official leave with pay or compensatory time credits which have been actually taken by an Employee shall be included in computing whether an Employee has worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a day or forty (40) hours in a week.

2. Whenever an Employee is required, with less than forty-eight (48) hours advance notice, to report for work on a workday or a shift for which the Employee was not officially scheduled, the Employee shall be credited for overtime work for each hour of work performed on the first workday of such new scheduled day or shift.

3. Exchange for Perquisites. An Employee who by agreement receives perquisites or accommodations in exchange for rendering standby or emergency duty in excess of the Employee's normal hours of work:

- a. Will not earn overtime for rendering scheduled standby duty;
- b. Will not earn overtime when called to perform emergency service during the Employee's scheduled hours of standby duty;
- c. Will earn overtime for each hour of work when called to emergency duty on the Employee's scheduled day off.

D. Conversion to Compensatory Time Credit. The number of actual hours of overtime worked shall be converted to compensatory time credit at the rate of one and one-half (1 1/2) hours of compensatory time credit for each hour of overtime worked or fraction thereof computed to the nearest fifteen (15) minutes except as provided in Article 27, relating to Call Back Pay.

E. Compensatory Time Off. An Employee who has compensatory time credit shall be scheduled for compensatory time off as mutually agreed to with the appointing authority.

F. An Employee on compensatory time off shall be deemed to be on official leave with pay status.

G. An Employee who notifies the department head in advance or substantiates to the satisfaction of the department head that the Employee was sick on a scheduled day of compensatory time off, shall be charged only for sick leave.

H. Compensation for Overtime Work. The provisions of this Article in regard to payment in cash shall be applicable in all cases except where the Employee who has performed the overtime work elects, in writing, to take compensatory time off in lieu of cash; provided that the number of hours of compensatory time credits that an Employee may accumulate shall not exceed two hundred forty (240) hours. For an Employee whose balance exceeds two hundred forty (240) hours as of July 1, 2007, the Employer and the Employee shall mutually agree on a methodology to reduce the balance to two hundred forty (240) hours, including a timetable for such reduction.

I. Cash payment for overtime worked.

1. The basic compensation for an Employee who performs overtime work shall include all differentials an Employee is receiving when performing overtime work, except for hazard pay differentials. To convert an Employee's basic compensation to an hourly rate, the following formula shall be used: (monthly salary plus the amount of monthly differentials) multiplied by twelve (12) months then divided by two thousand eighty (2,080) hours; plus any hourly differentials the Employee is earning.

2. Cash payment for overtime work shall be calculated as follows: (basic rate of pay plus differentials as determined in I.1.) multiplied by the number of hours worked or fraction thereof computed to the nearest fifteen (15) minutes multiplied again by one and one-half (1-1/2). (E.g.  $\$15.00 + .31 \times 8$  hours of overtime work  $\times 1-1/2 = \$183.72$ )

3. Cash payment for overtime work shall be made within thirty (30) days (approximately two (2) pay periods) from the date the Employee submits the appropriate Employer form for overtime payment.

J. At the time of termination or resignation from service, the Employee shall be paid in cash for all compensatory time credit earned but not yet taken as compensatory time off.

K. Mutual Agreement. A Mutual Agreement in writing may be entered into between the Union and the Employer. Through such an Agreement, the limitation of Article 23, Overtime, may be modified.

L. Definitions. The following definitions are specifically intended to clarify the intent of this Article.

1. Workday or shift. The term "workday" or "shift" is defined as a period of eight (8) hours during which a full-time Employee is scheduled to perform the Employee's normal day's work. For scheduling purposes, a workday or shift may begin on one day and end on the next day.

2. Work subject to shifts or shift work. The term "work subject to shifts" or "shift work" is defined as a work operation in which there is more than one workday or shift in a calendar day. Flexible or staggered working hours shall not be considered in determining whether more than one such workday occurs in a calendar day.

3. Pre-shift. The term "pre-shift" is defined as that period of time immediately preceding a workday.

4. Post-shift. The term "post-shift" is defined as that period of time immediately following a workday.

## **ARTICLE 24 - TIME OFF FOR OVERTIME WORKED**

Whenever a non-shift Employee works at least sixteen (16) hours within the twenty-four (24) hour period immediately prior to the start of the Employee's scheduled workday, the Employer shall excuse the Employee from work on such workday, with pay, unless the services of such Employee are needed due to an emergency affecting the public health or safety and replacements are not available. In the event of such an emergency, such Employee shall be excused from work as soon as possible when the emergency no longer exists.

## **ARTICLE 25 - MEALS**

A. When Employees are required to work overtime, the Employer shall either furnish them with meals or compensate them for meals at the rate of six dollars (\$6.00) for breakfast, eight dollars (\$8.00) for lunch and ten dollars (\$10.00) for dinner under the following situations:

Effective July 1, 2020, when Employees are required to work overtime, the Employer shall either furnish them with meals or compensate them for meals at the rate of eight dollars (\$8.00) for breakfast, ten dollars (\$10.00) for lunch and twelve dollars (\$12.00) for dinner under the following situations:

1. Post-Shift Overtime. Employees who perform overtime work after their normal workday, shall be furnished or compensated for a meal after the first two (2) hours of actual overtime work performed and after intervals of five (5) hours following the first overtime meal.

2. Two or More Hours of Pre-Shift Overtime. When Employees are called to perform two (2) or more hours of pre-shift overtime work and are required to work continuously into their normal workday, they shall be entitled to meals for the period of the overtime work as well as their normal workday. Employees shall be furnished or compensated for a meal upon completion of two (2) hours of overtime work and at intervals of five (5) hours of continuous work performed following the first meal.

3. Less than Two Hours of Pre-Shift Overtime. When Employees are required to work less than two (2) hours of pre-shift overtime with less than twenty-four (24) hours prior notice and works continuously into their normal workday, they shall be furnished or compensated for a meal at the start of their normal workday and at their normal meal period during the workday.

4. Overtime During Off-Duty Hours, Scheduled Day Off or Holiday.

a. Less Than 24 Hours Prior Notice. When Employees are required to work overtime during their off-duty hours (not post-shift or pre-shift), on a scheduled day off or a holiday, with less than twenty-four (24) hours prior notice, they shall be furnished or compensated for a meal upon completion of two (2) hours of overtime work and at intervals of five (5) hours of continuous overtime work performed following the first overtime meal. However, an Employee shall not be entitled to a meal after two (2) hours of overtime work if the overtime work commences within three (3) hours of a previous overtime meal. In such event, the Employee shall be granted a meal after a period of five (5) hours from the previous meal should the Employee continue working till this time, and shall be entitled to additional meals at intervals of five (5) hours of continuous overtime work thereafter.

b. 24 Hours or More Prior Notice. When Employees are required to work overtime during their off-duty hours (not post-shift or pre-shift), on a scheduled day off or a holiday with at least twenty-four (24) hours prior notice, they shall be furnished or compensated for a meal upon completion of ten (10) hours of such overtime work and at intervals of five (5) hours of overtime work performed following the first overtime meal.

5. Overtime While on Standby. When Employees render service in response to a call to work as provided under Article 26, Standby Pay, they shall be furnished or compensated for a meal upon completion of two (2) hours of work and at intervals of five (5) hours of continuous work performed following the first meal. However, an Employee shall not be entitled to a meal after two (2) hours of overtime work if the overtime work commences within three (3) hours of a previous overtime meal. In such event, the Employee shall be granted a meal after a period of five (5) hours from the previous meal should the Employee continue working till this time, and shall be entitled to additional meals at intervals of five (5) hours of continuous overtime work thereafter.

B. Notwithstanding paragraph A, an Employee who is required to travel inter-state or intra-state on official business and who receives a travel allowance pursuant to Article 41, Travel, shall be furnished or compensated at the rate of ten dollars (\$10.00) for a dinner meal after performing seven (7) hours of overtime work.

Effective July 1, 2020, notwithstanding paragraph A, an Employee who is required to travel inter-state or intra-state on official business and who receives a travel allowance pursuant to Article 41, Travel, shall be furnished or compensated at the rate of twelve dollars (\$12.00) for a dinner meal after performing seven (7) hours of overtime work.

C. For purposes of meal compensation, the following shall apply:

1. Breakfast shall mean any meal allowed an Employee from 3:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m.
2. Lunch shall mean any meal allowed an Employee after 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.
3. Dinner shall mean any meal allowed an Employee after 3:00 p.m. but before 3:00 a.m.

D. The Employer shall compensate Employees for meals within thirty (30) days (approximately two pay periods) from the date on which the claim for compensation is filed with the respective disbursing officer.

E. The term "pre-shift" is defined as that period of time immediately preceding a workday.

The term "post-shift" is defined as that period of time immediately following a workday.

F. Dietary workers in the Department of Health shall be provided without any charge one (1) meal per workday which is served as the house diet and such meal shall be the meal which is consumed during the Employee's normal meal period; provided that any institution in the Department of Health which is presently providing its dietary workers more than one (1) meal per workday without charge shall continue to do so for the duration of this Agreement.

## **ARTICLE 26 - STANDBY PAY**

A. An Employee shall be deemed to be on standby duty when the Employee is assigned by the head of the department or other superior to remain at home or at any other designated place for a specific period for the purpose of responding to calls for immediate service after the Employee's normal hours of work, on the Employee's scheduled day off or on holidays.

B. The Employee shall be paid an additional amount equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the Employee's daily rate for each portion of standby work to which the Employee is assigned during the calendar day. Payment for standby work shall be for a maximum of two "portions" of standby work per calendar day. An Employee who is called back to work during standby duty on a day off shall not receive an additional portion of standby duty as a result of being called back to work. A call back to work does not create additional portions of standby duty.

C. Whenever it is necessary for an Employee on standby duty to render immediate service in response to a call to work, the Employee shall be entitled to further compensation as provided in the Call-Back Pay provision contained herein.

D. The Union and Employer agree that the Employer may provide pagers and/or cellular telephones for the Employee's convenience in responding to calls from work. Employees who are provided pagers and/or cellular telephones in lieu of remaining at home for the purpose of responding to calls for immediate service shall be entitled to standby pay after the Employee's normal hours of work, on the Employee's scheduled day off or on holidays with the following conditions:

1. The Employee has written authorization by the Employer that the Employee is on standby duty.

2. The Employee shall respond to a call for immediate service within the same period as if the Employee remained at home.

3. The Employee remains in a geographic location where the Employee can receive a pager or cellular call and responds to a call for immediate service.

## **ARTICLE 27 - CALL BACK PAY**

A. An Employee on off duty status who is called back to work shall be credited with either:

1. A minimum of three (3) hours regular pay, calculated from the time the Employee leaves the Employee's home and until the Employee returns home from work, or

2. Overtime work calculated from the time the Employee leaves the Employee's home and until the Employee returns home, whichever is greater in value; provided, that overtime pay for work on holidays, days off and pre-shift overtime shall be in accordance with their respective articles.

3. It is provided, that whenever an Employee on off duty status is called back to duty and continues to work into the Employee's scheduled workday, the Employee shall be credited with overtime work calculated from the time the Employee leaves the Employee's home and until the Employee begins the Employee's scheduled workday.

B. An Employee may be permitted rest periods of ten (10) minutes for each two (2) hours of call back work performed.



C. Mileage reimbursement to and from home to work site shall be allowed for all call back work, except in the situation when an Employee on off duty status is called back to work and continues to work into the Employee's scheduled workday.

D. An Employee interrupted by Employer-initiated consultative call(s) while the Employee is at home on off-duty status shall not qualify for call back pay unless the Employee actually returns to the workplace. An Employee who is not on standby pay duty status shall be paid a minimum of one (1) hour straight time pay for one or more consultative calls within the same one-hour period, calculated from the onset of the first call and ending one (1) hour later. The penalty for consultative calls shall be in lieu of any other compensation and shall not be subject to overtime provisions. For the purpose of this section, a consultative call shall mean an exchange of technical and/or procedural information to resolve a problem requiring immediate attention.

## **ARTICLE 28 - SHOW-UP TIME AND REPORTING PAY**

A. Show-up time and reporting pay on normal scheduled workday. An Employee who reports to work but who is unable to perform the Employee's normal work because of inclement weather, breakdown or unavailability of equipment, or other conditions beyond the Employee's control, shall be credited with the Employee's normal day of work; provided, however, the Employee may be assigned to perform other work as determined by the Employer or its designee.

B. Show-up time and reporting pay on scheduled day off.

1. An Employee who is required and reports to work on the Employee's scheduled day off but who is unable to perform work because of inclement weather, breakdown, or unavailability of equipment, or other conditions beyond the Employee's control, shall be guaranteed a minimum of three (3) hours straight-time pay.

2. An Employee who is required and reports to work on the Employee's scheduled day off and performs less than two (2) hours of work shall be guaranteed a minimum of three (3) hours of straight-time pay.

## **ARTICLE 29 - SPLIT SHIFT PAY**

A. The Employer recognizes that it is to the best interest of Employees that split shifts be minimized except in cases where the Employer's mission cannot be economically administered by standard scheduling methods.

B. When, however, an Employee is required to work on a split shift basis, the Employee shall be paid a differential of twenty-five cents (\$.25) per

hour for each hour, or fraction over thirty (30) minutes, of the Employee's workday and thirteen cents (\$.13) for each period of less than thirty (30) minutes of work.

C. Split shift -- A regular work shift, which may be less than eight (8) hours, in a day which is divided into two (2) portions by off duty periods other than meal time.

D. An Employee who works a split shift will earn overtime for each hour worked which exceeds ten (10) hours, exclusive of time for meals, calculated from the time the Employee starts and ends the Employee's workday. The Employee's basic compensation plus the split shift differential will be used in determining the cash payment for overtime work pursuant to Article 23, Overtime.

### **ARTICLE 30 - NIGHT DIFFERENTIAL**

A. Whenever an Employee's scheduled straight-time hours, including holiday work, fall between the hours of six (6:00) p.m. and six (6:00) a.m., the Employee shall be paid, in addition to the Employee's basic compensation, the amount of sixty cents (\$.60) per hour for each hour of actual work performed during such six (6:00) p.m. to six (6:00) a.m. hours; provided, however, if one-half (1/2) or more of the Employee's scheduled straight-time hours fall between six (6:00) p.m. and six (6:00) a.m., the Employee shall be paid, in addition to the Employee's basic compensation, the amount of sixty cents (\$.60) per hour for each straight time hour actually worked.

B. Whenever an Employee's overtime hours fall between the hours of six (6:00) p.m. and six (6:00) a.m., the Employee shall be paid the night differential for each hour of actual overtime work performed during such six (6:00) p.m. to six (6:00) a.m. hours.

C. The Employee's basic compensation plus the night differential will be used in determining the cash payment for overtime work pursuant to Article 23, Overtime.

D. For the purpose of granting differential for work performed for a portion of an hour, the differential shall be thirty cents (\$.30) for work of one-half (1/2) hour or less, and sixty cents (\$.60) for work of more than one-half (1/2) hour.

### **ARTICLE 31 - WORKING CONDITION DIFFERENTIAL**

A. All Employees at Hawai'i State Hospital will be entitled to a differential because of unusual or unique working conditions in having contact with patients who are ordered by the courts pursuant to Chapters 704 and

706, HRS, to be in the custody of the Director of Health or who are adult inmates who were transferred from a correctional institution under Chapter 334, HRS. Employees shall be paid in addition to their basic compensation, a differential of fifty cents (\$.50) per hour for each hour of work performed.

B. Employees of the Hawai'i Health Systems Corporation (HHSC) shall be entitled to a differential because of unusual or unique working conditions whenever working with a patient who is sent to an HHSC facility because of an order by the courts pursuant to Chapters 704 and 706, HRS, to be in the custody of the Director of Health; or when an adult inmate is transferred from a correctional institution under Chapter 334, HRS, to an HHSC facility; or when a patient that has been recommended for placement into the Hawai'i State Hospital is placed temporarily in the HHSC facility. All Employees assigned to such patient care unit shall be entitled to a differential of fifty cents (\$.50) per hour for each hour of work performed while on such assignment. The differential will remain until such time as the patient is removed from the location or is released from said custody into regular patient status.

C. For the purpose of granting differential pay for a portion of an hour in paragraphs A and B above, the Employee will be paid twenty-five cents (\$.25) for one-half (1/2) hour or less of work and fifty cents (\$.50) for more than one-half (1/2) hour of work.

D. Employees assigned to correctional facilities shall be entitled to a differential because of unusual or unique working conditions. Such Employees shall be paid, in addition to their basic compensation, a differential of fifty cents (\$.50) per hour for each hour of work performed at such location.

E. In administering paragraph D above, and for purposes of granting differential pay for a portion of an hour, the Employee will be paid twenty-five cents (\$.25) for one-half (1/2) hour or less of work and fifty cents (\$.50) for more than one-half (1/2) hour of work.

F. The Employer, in consultation with the Union, may terminate the differentials provided by this section upon reclassification of an affected Employee's position to a higher classification because of the unusual or unique working conditions which qualified the Employee for the differential or because such conditions cease to exist.

## **ARTICLE 32 - SABBATICAL LEAVE**

A. For purposes of improving public services, the Employer may grant sabbatical leaves of absence under conditions set forth in this Article.

B. An Employee who has served seven (7) continuous years within the applicable governmental jurisdiction may qualify for a sabbatical leave of absence. Such leave shall be for a period not to exceed one (1) year and may not be granted again to the same Employee until the Employee has served an additional period of seven (7) continuous years within the applicable governmental jurisdiction. For the purpose of computing continuous years of service in this Article, periods of unauthorized leaves without pay shall not be counted; however, such leaves shall not constitute a break in service.

C. The Employer shall consider at least the following matters in reviewing a request for sabbatical leave:

1. The purpose of the leave is mutually beneficial to the Employee and the Employer;

2. The nature, length and pertinency of educational course work, research, or other professional/educational activity which the Employee plans to undertake during the sabbatical leave are consistent with the needs of the service;

3. The Employee's absence will not adversely affect the operations of the department; and

4. The Employee's work performance record and seniority (continuous length of service in the applicable governmental jurisdiction).

D. In the event a request for sabbatical leave is denied, the Employee may request and the Employer shall be provided the reasons for denial in writing from the Employer.

E. Employees on sabbatical leave shall be paid an amount equal to one-half of the basic compensation which the Employee was receiving at the commencement of the leave. Basic compensation shall include any negotiated increase in the schedule as may be provided for in the Agreement. The payments shall be made in accordance with regular pay periods.

F. An Employee granted sabbatical leave may engage in other employment provided the primary purpose for which the leave was granted is met.

G. Before being granted a sabbatical leave, an Employee shall enter into a contract with the Employer which shall provide for the following:

1. The Employee shall agree to return to work upon termination of sabbatical leave or any other leave which may be granted by the Employer immediately following the sabbatical leave. If the Employee fails to report for

work upon termination of sabbatical and/or any other leave granted under this Agreement, the Employee shall be considered to have resigned and shall refund all monies received while on sabbatical leave.

2. Upon return from sabbatical leave and/or any other leave granted under this Agreement, the Employee shall agree to work in the appropriate department for a period of two (2) continuous years. If the Employee fails to do so, the Employee shall refund all monies received from the Employer while on sabbatical leave; provided, however, in the event of the death of the Employee, the requirement to refund all monies shall be waived. In the event the Employee is unable to continue employment due to illness or injury, the Employer and the Union, by mutual agreement, may shorten the return period.

3. The Employee shall be guaranteed a return to the Employee's or an equivalent position at the expiration of the sabbatical leave and/or any other leave granted under this Agreement. Upon the Employee's return, the Employee shall have the same salary range and step that the Employee had at the time of taking the leave and the Employee's increment date shall be advanced equivalent to the duration of the leave, provided it is not inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement.

4. The Employee shall not accrue any vacation or sick leave credits during the period of sabbatical leave.

5. Any other provisions deemed necessary by the department to be included in the contract.

### **ARTICLE 33 - LEAVE OF ABSENCE FOR UNION BUSINESS**

A. Any Employee elected or appointed to an office in the Union will, if such office requires the Employee's full time in the exercise and discharge of its duties, be given a leave of absence without pay not to exceed one (1) year. Extension may be granted by the Employer for a period not to exceed twelve (12) months.

B. Any Employee elected or appointed to attend the Biennial State and/or National Union convention shall be given a leave of absence without pay or vacation leave for the duration of the convention including reasonable travel time. The Union shall notify the Employer in writing, not less than thirty (30) days prior to the commencement of the leaves, of the dates of the scheduled convention, the names and departments of the elected or appointed Employees and alternates. In the event an alternate is substituted for another Employee to attend the convention, the Union shall notify the Employer immediately of the substitution. It is agreed that any adjustments in the work schedules necessitated to accommodate the substitution shall not result in overtime for all Employees.

C. Any Employee elected or appointed to attend a Statewide Leadership Conference of the Union may be given a leave of absence without pay or vacation leave for the duration of the conference including reasonable travel time.

D. Unless otherwise provided by law, no Employee on leave of absence without pay shall be entitled to accrue or accumulate vacation allowance, sick leave, service credit for increments and longevity increases or other rights and benefits for the term of the Employee's leave but the Employee shall not lose seniority for the purpose of determining length of service.

### ARTICLE 34 - HOLIDAYS

A. The following days of each year are established as holidays:

New Year's Day  
Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., Day  
Presidents' Day  
Prince Jonah Kuhio Kalaniana'ole Day  
Good Friday  
Memorial Day  
King Kamehameha I Day  
Independence Day  
Statehood Day  
Labor Day  
Veterans' Day  
Thanksgiving Day  
Christmas Day

All election days, except primary and special election days, in the county wherein the election is held;

Any day designated by proclamation by the President of the United States or by the Governor as a holiday.

B. Observance of Holidays.

1. Employees whose workdays fall on Monday through Friday during the workweek in which a holiday occurs shall observe such holiday as provided below:

Day Holiday Falls

Day Holiday Observed

Saturday

Friday preceding holiday

Sunday

Monday following holiday

Workday

Workday

2. Employees whose workdays fall on other than Monday through Friday during the workweek in which a holiday occurs shall observe such holiday as provided below:

Day Holiday Falls

Day Holiday Observed

Day off  
Workday

First workday after the day off  
Workday

3. An Employee shall be compensated for the holiday based on the Employee's normal scheduled working hours provided the Employee worked (or was on paid leave) either the normal scheduled workday immediately preceding the holiday or the normal scheduled workday immediately following the holiday.

C. Two Holidays Observed on the Same Calendar Day.

Whenever two holidays are to be observed on the same calendar day in accordance with paragraph B. above:

1. The first holiday shall be observed in the normal manner; and

2. The second holiday shall be observed on a date mutually agreed to between the Employee and the Employee's supervisor provided that such mutual agreement shall be reached at least sixty (60) calendar days prior to the date the two holidays were to be observed. If an agreement is not reached, the matter shall be referred to the Employee's appointing authority or designee other than the Employee's supervisor for a final and binding decision. The decision shall be made at least thirty (30) calendar days prior to the date the two holidays were to be observed.

3. The mutually agreed upon date shall occur within the same calendar year.

**ARTICLE 35 - VACATION LEAVE**

A. Earning of Vacation Leave.

1. All Employees shall earn vacation leave at the rate of fourteen (14) hours for each month of service. For the purpose of this Article, a workday is defined as an eight (8) hour workday.

2. If such Employees render less than a month of service, their vacation allowance for such month shall be computed as follows:

Actual Straight Time Hours of Service	Working Hours of Leave
For 0 to 31	0
For 32 to 55	4
For 56 to 79	6
For 80 to 103	8
For 104 to 127	10
For 128 to 151	12
For 152 or more	14

The term "actual straight time hours of service" shall include paid holidays.

3. Individuals who are employed on a temporary, contractual or substitute basis while on vacation from another position in the State government or any political subdivision of the State shall not earn vacation allowance for such employment.

4. Vacation allowance shall accrue to an Employee while the Employee is on leave with pay unless specifically prohibited by the Agreement.

5. No vacation allowance shall accrue:

a. During the period of any vacation leave or sick leave granted when the employment terminates or is to terminate at the end of such leave;

b. During the period the Employee is on leave without pay, except for the period the Employee is on leave for disability and is being paid Workers' Compensation therefore;

c. During any period of valid suspension which is sustained in the event an appeal is made by the Employee;

d. During any period of unauthorized leave;

e. During any period the Employee is on educational leave; or

f. During any period of leave with pay pending investigation if the Employee:

1. is subsequently discharged/dismissed;
2. resigns or retires prior to the discharge/dismissal; or
3. resigns or retires during the investigation.



6. Vacation for an Employee Serving a Provisional Appointment. An Employee serving a provisional appointment shall not be entitled to a vacation with pay. However, a provisional appointee shall be entitled to earn and accrue vacation allowances during the term of the Employee's provisional appointment and if upon the termination of the Employee's provisional appointment the Employee receives probationary or limited term or permanent appointment in the same position, the Employee shall be credited with the allowances earned and accrued during the provisional appointment and if the Employee does not become such limited term, probationary, or regular Employee, the vacation allowance shall be automatically forfeited. It is provided, however, that a regular Employee who receives a promotion through a provisional appointment shall be considered to be a regular Employee and shall continue to earn vacation allowance.

7. Vacation for a Non-regular Employee Serving a Temporary Appointment Outside the List (TAOL). A non-regular Employee serving on a TAOL basis shall not be entitled to a vacation leave with pay. However, whenever the duration of the TAOL is for longer than one (1) year, including any extensions granted for a specific appointment, the non-regular Employee shall be entitled to (a) earn vacation leave beginning with the first month of the second year in accordance with A.1. and A.2., and (b) use the vacation leave accrued in accordance with the provisions of this Article. Whenever a non-regular Employee's TAOL is ended, any vacation leave accrued shall be automatically forfeited.

#### B. Accumulation of Vacation Leave.

1. An Employee may accumulate up to twenty-one (21) days of vacation leave per calendar year until the Employee accumulated the Employee's first forty-two (42) days. Subsequently an Employee may accumulate not more than fifteen (15) days of vacation leave per calendar year, even if the Employee's total accumulated days fall below forty-two (42) days. However, vacation leave in excess of fifteen (15) days per year may be accumulated for good cause when a request for such accumulation is approved by the department head provided such request shall be accompanied by a stipulation that the Employee shall take such excess vacation days at a specified time. If the Employee fails to take this vacation at the time stipulated, the Employee shall forfeit the excess accumulation of vacation leave unless for good reason an extension of time is granted by the department head.

2. Vacation leave shall be administered on a calendar year basis and recorded at the end of each calendar year. After the end of each year, the appointing authority will furnish each Employee with a statement of the vacation leave credits remaining as of December 31.

3. Any Employee who is entitled to an annual vacation may accumulate for the succeeding year or years such unused portion of the Employee's vacation allowance as is permitted above, provided that the total accumulation shall not exceed ninety (90) working days at the end of the calendar year. If any recorded accumulation of vacation allowance at the end of any calendar year shall exceed ninety (90) working days, the Employee shall automatically forfeit the unused vacation allowance which is in excess of the allowable ninety (90) working days.

4. Nothing in this Article contained shall be construed to prohibit the taking or to require the forfeiture, of any vacation which is validly granted and the taking of which is commenced on or before the last working day of any calendar year, notwithstanding that the recording of the current accrued vacation allowance for such year on the last day thereof might result in an accumulation of more than ninety (90) working days including the working days of the vacation so granted and then being taken, but the period of such vacation shall be regarded for all purposes as if the same had been entirely taken on or before the last day of such calendar year.

5. Whenever the Employee's accumulated vacation credit exceeds ninety (90) working days the Employee shall receive cash payment in lieu of vacation to the extent of the excess if, upon investigation by the Comptroller of the State or the respective county director of finance, it is found that the excess vacation credit resulted from the Employee's inability to be allowed vacation time off because of orders of the Employee's appointing authority; otherwise the Employee shall automatically forfeit the excess.

6. Whenever an Employee is unable to take the Employee's scheduled vacation because of illness, the Employee shall be permitted to reschedule the Employee's vacation; however, if the duration of illness is such that the vacation cannot be rescheduled within the calendar year and to protect against the forfeiture of excess vacation, the Employee shall be permitted to substitute vacation for sick leave or take such excess vacation immediately upon the conclusion of such sick leave.

7. Nothing contained in this Article shall be construed to require the forfeiture of vacation credits when an Employee terminates on or before the last working day of the calendar year, notwithstanding the fact that the recording of current accrued vacation for the year on the last day may result in an accumulation of more than ninety (90) working days.

### C. Taking Vacation Leave Granted.

1. When a vacation is requested on a proper application by an Employee, it shall be granted and taken at such time or times as the department head may designate; provided, that it shall be as close to the requested period

as conditions in the department will permit, and so as to prevent any forfeiture of vacation allowance.

2. When a vacation is granted, it may include, in accordance with the law and at the request of the Employee, all vacation allowance accrued up to the end of the Employee's last full month of service immediately preceding the commencement of the vacation. For non-regular Employees who earn vacation allowance pursuant to A.7., the vacation granted may include, at the request of the Employee, all vacation allowance accrued up to the commencement of the vacation.

3. Whenever an Employee's vacation leave which has been approved on the appropriate leave application form is rescinded, non-refundable travel and lodging expenses incurred by the Employee shall be reimbursed by the Employer.

4. No vacation leave of less than one (1) hour may be granted. However, when payment in lieu of vacation is legally permissible, or when the Employee's service will not continue at the expiration of the vacation, such payment may include a prorated amount for any fraction of a working day of vacation allowance to which the Employee is entitled.

D. Vacation Charged Only for Working Hours.

1. Employees on vacation shall have charged against their vacation allowances all working hours or fraction to the nearest one-fourth (1/4) hour thereof which occur during the period of the Employee's vacation.

2. Employees normally working eight (8) hour days, other than between the hours of 7:45 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. and/or other than between Monday and Friday inclusive, shall have charged against their vacation allowances only those hours or fraction to the nearest 1/4 hour thereof they were scheduled to work or would have worked had they not taken vacations.

E. Priority of Scheduling Vacation Leave. Priority in scheduling annual leave shall be given to Employees on the basis of seniority within the office. The priority shall be rotated in descending order according to seniority to assure that each Employee will receive priority scheduling at least once.

F. Recall from Vacation.

1. An Employee may be recalled to duty before the expiration of any granted vacation when, in the opinion of the department head, the Employee's services are required. In such event the Employee shall be paid for all work performed at the rate of one and one-half (1 1/2) times the Employee's regular rate of pay during such period the Employee is recalled from the Employee's

vacation and shall be granted the Employee's unused vacation days at a time mutually agreed upon.

2. An Employee who is summoned during the Employee's vacation to serve as a witness in any judicial proceeding in connection with the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's position on work related matters shall be compensated at one and one-half (1 1/2) times the Employee's regular rate of pay during the scheduled vacation period the Employee is required to serve and the Employee's unused vacation leave shall be rescheduled at a time mutually agreed upon.

3. An Employee who is summoned during the Employee's vacation to serve as a witness or juror in any judicial proceedings, except those which may involve or arise out of the Employee's outside employment or the Employee's personal business or private affairs shall, if the Employee serves, be permitted to reschedule the Employee's vacation for another mutually agreed upon time.

G. Advance Vacation. Advance vacation shall be granted only where an Employee has exhausted all earned vacation allowance and is detained out of the State of Hawai'i for a cause which the Employee establishes to the satisfaction of the department head to be out of the Employee's control. An Employee so detained shall immediately communicate with the department head and request such advance vacation and, if the same is granted, it shall be considered as taken with the express understanding that if such leave is not later earned during the term of employment the unearned portion of the vacation pay so advanced will be repaid, on demand of the department head to the Employer by the Employee or the Employee's executors and administrators out of the Employee's estate, if the Employee is deceased, or deductions may be made for such unearned portion from any salary due the Employee, or from any monies in the annuity savings fund of the Employee's retirement system of the Employer to the credit of the Employee.

H. Effect of Transfer to Position in Which Vacation Allowance is Not Earnable. When an Employee is transferred from or otherwise relinquishes one position in which vacation allowance may be earned, and accepts employment in another position in the service of the Employer in which vacation allowance may not be earned, the Employee may be deemed, for purposes of receiving pay in lieu of vacation, including any lapsed vacation in excess of the maximum allowed, to have terminated the Employee's services. But in the event that the Employee is not eligible under the circumstances to receive pay in lieu of vacation, the acceptance of such new employment shall not of itself have the effect of forfeiting any vacation allowance to which the Employee is then entitled.

I. Pay for Vacation Allowance Upon Termination and When Moving Between Jurisdictions of the State.

1. Whenever a termination of services takes place, the Employee is to be paid, in accordance with Section 78-23, Hawai`i Revised Statutes, for the Employee's vacation allowance either in a lump sum or in the normal manner as provided in subsection 2.

2. When payment in a lump sum is made to an Employee hired on or before June 30, 1997, the sum payable for vacation allowance shall be equal to the amount of compensation to which the Employee would be entitled or which the Employee would be allowed during the vacation period if the Employee were permitted to take the Employee's vacation in the normal manner. Whenever an Employee is discharged for cause or when payment in a lump sum is made to an Employee hired after June 30, 1997, the lump sum vacation allowance payable shall be computed on the basis of the Employee's accumulated vacation hours multiplied by the Employee's hourly rate of pay as of the effective date of discharge or termination.

3. However, if the Employee is rehired within seven (7) calendar days by the Employer and will continue to earn vacation allowance, such a payment shall not be made.

4. When an Employee moves from one Employer jurisdiction to another to accept employment in a position in which vacation allowance is earned, the Employee shall be given credit for the vacation earned or accumulated in the jurisdiction from which the Employee transferred, and the director of finance of the State or the equivalent officers of the counties, Judiciary, and the Hawai`i Health Systems Corporation, as the case may be, shall make the appropriate transfer of funds to implement the transfer. However, the Employee may request and receive payment of a portion of or all of the Employee's vacation credits accumulated up to the effective date of the movement.

J. In the event that a vacation request is denied by the department head, the Employee may request to be furnished the reasons for the denial in writing.

## **ARTICLE 36 - SICK LEAVE**

### **A. Earning of Sick Leave.**

1. All Employees shall earn sick leave at the rate of fourteen (14) hours for each month of service. For the purpose of this Article, a workday is defined as an eight (8) hour workday.

2. If such Employees render less than a month of service, their sick leave allowance for such month shall be computed as follows:

Actual Straight Time  
Hours of Service

Working Hours of Leave

For 0 to 31	0
For 32 to 55	4
For 56 to 79	6
For 80 to 103	8
For 104 to 127	10
For 128 to 151	12
For 152 or more	14

The term "actual straight time hours of service" shall include paid holidays.

3. Individuals who are employed on a temporary, contractual, or substitute basis while on vacation from another position in the State government or any political subdivision of the State shall not earn sick leave allowance for such employment.

4. Except as hereinafter otherwise provided, sick leave allowance shall accrue to an Employee while the Employee is on leave with pay. No sick leave allowance shall accrue:

a. During the period of any vacation leave or sick leave granted when the employment terminates or is to terminate at the end of such leave;

b. During the period the Employee is on leave without pay except for the period the Employee is on leave for disability and is being paid Workers' Compensation therefore;

c. During any period of valid suspension which is sustained in the event an appeal is made by the Employees;

d. During any period of unauthorized leave;

e. During any period the Employee is on educational or sabbatical leave; or

f. During any period of leave with pay pending investigation if the Employee:

1. is subsequently discharged/dismissed;
2. resigns or retires prior to the discharge/dismissal; or
3. resigns or retires during the investigation.

B. Accumulation of Sick Leave.

1. An Employee may accumulate the sick leave the Employee earns. The unused sick leave accumulated shall be credited to the Employee's account for subsequent use in the event of a sickness. Such unused sick leave may be accumulated without limitation.

2. Sick leave shall be administered on a calendar year basis and recorded at the end of each calendar year. After the end of each year, the appointing authority will furnish each Employee with a statement of the sick leave credit remaining as of December 31.

C. Notification of Sickness.

1. Notification of absence on account of sickness shall be given at least thirty (30) minutes prior to the start of the Employee's scheduled workday or if impracticable as soon thereafter as circumstances permit. However, in operations where Employees on a shift normally relieve Employees on the previous shift, notification of absence shall be given at least two (2) hours prior to the start of the Employee's scheduled shift, except in extenuating circumstances whereby an Employee is unable to provide such notice.

2. If, in the opinion of the department head, such notification has not been given in accordance with this Article, such absence may, in the discretion of the department head, be charged to vacation allowance or leave without pay.

D. Application for Sick Leave.

1. Application for sick leave shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Employer or designee, within five (5) working days after return to duty; provided, that in the event such Employee dies before that time or before returning to duty, the Employee's executor or administrator or department head if the Employee deems it proper may file such application within six (6) months after the Employee's death. Sick leave shall not be granted unless it is provided to the satisfaction of the department head that the Employee's absence from work was necessary because of sickness.

2. The department head shall require the Employee to submit a certificate from a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) for absences of five (5) or more consecutive working days to substantiate the fact that the period of absence was due entirely to sickness and that the Employee is physically and/or mentally able to resume the duties of the Employee's position. The department head may require the Employee to be examined by a physician of said department head's choice provided the department assumes the cost of the physician's services.

3. Absence due to sickness lasting less than one (1) hour shall not be charged to sick leave when such sickness occurs during the final hour of work and the Employee is released from work.

4. Upon application by the Employee, sick leave when granted may include all sick leave allowance as of the last full month of service immediately preceding the return to duty from sick leave, or as much thereof as is needed, to permit the Employee to recover from the Employee's sickness.

E. Sick Leave Charged Only for Working Hours.

1. Employees absent from work on account of sickness, shall have charged against their sick leave allowance all working hours which occurs during such absence.

2. Employees normally working eight (8) hour days, other than between the hours of 7:45 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. and/or other than between Monday and Friday inclusive, shall have charged against their sick leave allowances only those hours they were scheduled to work or would have worked had they not taken sick leave.

F. Additional Sick Leave with Pay. Additional sick leave with pay, in excess of that which the Employee is entitled to, may be granted with the written approval of the Employer provided that due consideration shall be given to the length of service of the particular Employee requesting the leave.

G. Use of Cumulative Sick Leave Allowance after Transfer between Departments. When an Employee resigns the Employee's position to accept a position in another department of the Employer as the result of a transfer (including promotion, demotion, or original appointment) or in case of any other movement from one department to another of the Employer, the Employee shall not thereby forfeit any unused accumulated sick leave allowance that the Employee may have to the Employee's credit in the department from which the Employee was transferred or moved. If, after the date of such transfer, the Employee uses any or all of such cumulative sick leave to the Employee's credit the appropriation of the department to which the Employee is transferred shall bear the entire charge thereof. In no event, shall the appropriation of the department from which the Employee was transferred or moved be charged for any cumulative sick leave taken after the date of transfer or movement.

H. Credit for Sick Leave during Vacation. When sickness lasting one or more consecutive working days occurs during a vacation, the period of sickness shall, upon submittal of a certificate from a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) or other satisfactory proof of such sickness as deemed necessary by the department head, be charged as sick leave, and the charge against vacation allowance shall be reduced accordingly.



Application for such substitution of sick leave for vacation shall be made within five (5) working days upon return to work.

I. Sick leave shall be allowed for medical, dental, optical, and optometrical examination appointments which the Employee cannot schedule for non-work time.

J. Sick leave shall be allowed for temporary disabilities as defined under the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Guidelines, Title 29, Chapter XIV, Section 1604, of the Code of Federal Regulations.

K. Physical examinations required by the Employer shall not be charged against an Employee's sick leave.

L. An Employee who is laid off pursuant to Article 9 - Layoff, shall retain the Employee's accumulated sick leave credits for the period that the Employee's name remains on the recall list. If the Employee is recalled to work pursuant to Article 9, the Employee shall be credited with all accumulated sick leave credits retained.

M. Sick Leave Upon Separation From Service.

1. Upon separation from service, an Employee shall forfeit all sick leave allowance accrued and accumulated to the date of the separation except as otherwise provided by Chapter 88, Hawai'i Revised Statutes. This paragraph shall not be construed to provide for the forfeiture of sick leave accumulation when the Employee is granted leave without pay, including military leave, or is rehired by the Employer within seven (7) calendar days.

2. When an Employee moves from one Employer jurisdiction to another to accept employment in a position in which sick leave allowance is earned, the Employee may request and be allowed to transfer any unused sick leave credits accumulated at the time of movement. Any sick leave credits used after the effective date of the movement shall be charged to the appropriation of the receiving Employer.

## **ARTICLE 36A – FAMILY LEAVE**

A. Employee entitlement to state family leave is set forth in Chapter 398, Hawai'i Revised Statutes. Accrued vacation leave and/or sick leave may be substituted for any part or all of the allowable state family leave up to a maximum of four (4) weeks per designated twelve (12) month period.

B. Employee entitlement to federal family leave is set forth in the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993.

C. Administration and enforcement of the state and federal family leave provisions shall be in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Appeals with regard to state and federal family leave shall be filed with the appropriate state and/or federal agencies who are responsible for administering and enforcing the respective provisions mentioned herein, i.e., State of Hawai'i Department of Labor and Industrial Relations or the United States Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division. Appeals shall not be filed through the grievance procedure found in the collective bargaining agreement, unless a representative of the applicable state or federal agency first determines that the agency does not have jurisdiction over the administrative appeal because the appeal concerns the interpretation/application of this Article.

### **ARTICLE 37 - FUNERAL LEAVE**

A. Employees covered by this Agreement shall be allowed three (3) working days as funeral leave with pay which shall not be deducted from any other leave to which the Employee may be entitled. Funeral leave shall be granted on such days as designated by the Employee provided they fall within a reasonable period of time after a death in the immediate family.

B. For the purpose of this Article immediate family is defined as: parents, brothers, sisters, spouses/reciprocal beneficiaries, children, parents-in-law, grandparents, grandchildren, or an individual who has become a member of an immediate family through the Hawai'ian "Hanai" custom. Provided, however, an individual affected by the "Hanai" relationship shall be entitled to utilize funeral leave only for those members of the Employee's immediate family resulting from the "Hanai" relationship. Provided further that funeral leave with pay can only be used for one mother and one father regardless of whether the parent relationship is natural, hanai, step or legal guardians. "Reciprocal beneficiary," for purposes of this Article, means two adults who meet the requirements of HRS 572C-4 and who have registered their reciprocal beneficiary relationship pursuant to HRS 572C-5. "Reciprocal beneficiary" is further defined to mean that individual the Employee has selected as the Employee's life partner in lieu of a spouse.

C. Hanai/natural parents not covered in B. above; sons- and daughters-in-law and great grandparents relationship. An Employee shall be entitled to use up to three (3) days of vacation leave or compensatory time off for the death of hanai/natural parents not covered in B. above, son- or daughter-in-law, great grandparent. Vacation leave or compensatory time off shall be granted on days designated by the Employee provided they fall within a reasonable period of time after the death.

D. If the death or funeral occurs outside the State of Hawai'i, the Employee shall be granted, upon request, a reasonable number of additional days of accumulated vacation leave, compensatory time off, or leave without

pay for travel to attend the funeral, or to make necessary arrangements for a funeral in the State of Hawai`i.

### **ARTICLE 38 - LEAVE FOR JURY OR WITNESS DUTY**

A. An Employee covered by the terms of this Agreement, if summoned to serve as a witness or juror in any judicial proceedings except those which may involve or arise out of the Employee's outside employment or the Employee's personal business or private affairs, shall, if the Employee serves, be entitled to leave of absence with pay.

B. An Employee who serves as a witness or as a juror, and who receives a fee or mileage allowance shall not suffer the loss of such monies or have it offset against the Employee's salary account.

C. An Employee called to serve as a witness in a case which may involve or arise out of the Employee's outside employment or personal business or private affairs shall not be entitled to leave of absence with pay as provided in paragraph A. above, provided that the Employee shall be entitled to use the Employee's annual vacation leave or elect to take leave without pay.

D. In the event that an Employee on the evening or midnight shift and/or work schedule other than Monday through Friday is required to serve on a jury, the Employer shall place such an Employee on the day shift if such a shift exists and/or on the Monday through Friday work schedule for the duration of the jury duty. The Union and the Employer agree that whenever such a change is made, adjustments in shift assignments and work schedules of all affected Employees including the Employee serving on jury duty shall not result in any claims for overtime except as provided for in Article 23, B.1., B.2., and B.3.

### **ARTICLE 39 - TIME OFF FOR BLOOD DONATIONS**

Employees shall be granted a reasonable amount of time off with pay to donate blood to the Blood Bank.

### **ARTICLE 40 - KALAUPAPA TRAIL**

A. Employees of Kalaupapa Settlement whose permanent residence is on the topside of Moloka`i and who are provided quarters in Kalaupapa as a matter of convenience will be granted one (1) of the following choices:

1. Three (3) round trips by air to topside (Moloka`i Airport) per month,  
or

2. One (1) hour travel pay for traveling down the trail once a week and one (1) hour travel pay for traveling up the trail once a week. Travel time will not

be included as hours worked for the determination of total hours worked for overtime determination.

B. Employees covered under Paragraph A must declare their monthly choice to the Employer before the start of each month. In any month, if an Employee elects to travel by trail the Employee will not be able to enjoy the benefits of travel by air until the next month, or vice versa.

C. Employees of Kalaupapa Settlement whose permanent residence is in Kalaupapa will be granted one (1) round trip by air to topside (Moloka'i Airport) per month. In lieu of three (3) monthly round trips topside, Employees who are permanent residents of the Settlement shall be granted one (1) intrastate round trip by air each quarter of the calendar year. Accumulated intrastate round trips must be taken within the calendar year in which the trips were earned.

D. Whenever Employees are assigned to perform maintenance work on the Kalaupapa Trail, time spent in such work shall be deemed to be time worked and in addition will receive one (1) hour of travel pay.

E. Travel pay will be computed at the Employee's straight time pay.

#### **ARTICLE 41 - TRAVEL**

A. Applicable rules, ordinance, and policies. Except as modified by this Article, Chapter 3-10, Hawai'i Administrative Rules, in the case of the State, and applicable rules, regulations, ordinances, or policies, in the case of the county jurisdictions, shall remain applicable for the duration of this Agreement.

B. Travel occurring on same island. When an Employee is required to work in locations which make it impracticable and undesirable to return home at the end of a workday, with prior approval one of the following shall apply:

1. If commercial lodging is utilized, the Employee shall be paid a travel allowance pursuant to Paragraph D.

2. If commercial lodging is not available, such as in mountainous or other remote areas, the Employer shall provide cabins or tentage and needed camping supplies and equipment. At the Employee's option, the Employer shall also provide adequate stores of food or pay the Employee twenty dollars (\$20.00) per day in lieu thereof. The twenty dollars (\$20.00) per day shall be applicable for each twenty-four (24) hour period or portion thereof, calculated from the beginning of the Employee's work day until the Employee's return to the Employee's permanent workplace from the mountainous or other remote area.

3. If non-commercial lodging is available, the Employer shall have the option to select such lodging for the Employee's use. At the Employee's option, the Employer shall also provide adequate stores of food or pay the Employee twenty dollars (\$20.00) per day in lieu thereof. The twenty dollars (\$20.00) per day shall be applicable for each twenty-four (24) hour period or portion thereof, calculated from the beginning of the Employee's work day until the Employee's return to the Employee's permanent workplace from the non-commercial lodging.

C. Off-island travel to mountainous or other remote areas.

1. Whenever an Employee is required to travel on official business to mountainous or other remote areas where no commercial lodging is available, the Employer shall provide cabins, tentage, or shall arrange for lodging within available facilities, and shall provide adequate stores of food or pay the Employee twenty dollars (\$20.00) per day in lieu thereof.

2. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, a mutual agreement may be arranged among Employees with the Employer to provide for per diem expenses pursuant to Paragraph D in lieu of this paragraph.

D. Intra-state travel.

1. When an Employee is required to travel on official business to another island the Employee shall be provided with a per diem of ninety dollars (\$90.00) per twenty-four (24) hour day.

2. In the case of official travel time involving a fraction of a day, the allowable claim shall be in terms of quarter-day periods, with the quarter-day periods measured from midnight. In computing the amount of per diem, the official travel time shall begin one (1) hour before the scheduled flight departure time and shall end upon the Employee's return to the Employee's home airport. This computation shall be applicable to all trips, except one-day trips (leaving and returning on the same day). In the case of one-day trips, the Employee shall be entitled to a meal allowance of twenty dollars (\$20.00) in lieu of per diem.

3. When an authorized leave is added before or after the official travel, the per diem amount shall be the same as that which would have been allowed if the authorized leave had not been taken.

E. Out-of-state travel.

1. When an Employee is required to travel on official business to areas outside the State of Hawai'i, the Employee shall be provided a per diem of one hundred forty-five dollars (\$145.00) per twenty-four (24) hour day.

2. In the case of official travel time involving a fraction of a day, the allowable claim shall be in terms of quarter-day periods, with the quarter-day periods measured from midnight. In computing the amount of per diem, the official travel time shall begin no later than twenty-four (24) hours prior to the time the Employee is to be at work at the out-of-state destination. The Employee shall be scheduled to arrive at the out-of-state destination (applicable airport) at least ten (10) hours before reporting for duty. The official travel time shall end upon the Employee's return to the Employee's home airport. All calculations will be based on Hawai`ian Standard Time.

3. When an authorized leave is added before or after the official travel, the per diem amount shall be the same as that which would have been allowed if the authorized leave had not been taken.

F. Reimbursement for commercial lodging expenses in excess of the lodging allowance.

Included in the per diem rate designated in paragraphs D. and E. shall be a daily allowance for commercial lodging except for one-day trips. For intra-state travel, this lodging allowance shall be fifty dollars (\$50.00) per twenty-four (24) hour day. For out-of-state travel, this allowance shall be eighty-five dollars (\$85.00) per twenty-four (24) hour day.

Whenever an Employee's commercial lodging cost exceeds the applicable lodging allowance, the Employee shall be entitled to an additional amount added to the Employee's per diem. This amount shall be equal to the difference of the actual daily cost of commercial lodging and the applicable allowance provided herein, multiplied by the number of days spent on commercial lodging. Unless otherwise waived by the Employer, request for commercial lodging expenses in excess of the lodging allowance shall be made in advance of the Employee's trip.

G. Advanced per diem and reimbursements.

Whenever possible, an Employee shall receive advanced per diem for official travel. The Employer shall reimburse Employees who request reimbursement for excess lodging expenses as soon as possible.

H. Furnished meals and lodging.

When lodging or meals are provided at no cost to the Employees, the Employer shall continue its existing practices in adjusting the per diem amounts. However, the per diem allowance provided herein shall not be adjusted when meals are included in conference programs.

I. Mileage Reimbursement.

1. The term "vehicles" as used in this paragraph only applies to automobiles, trucks, vans, or buses.

2. Employees who are authorized to use their private vehicles to carry out their duties and responsibilities shall be reimbursed at the standard mileage rate prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service for each mile traveled for business purposes.

3. Employees who are presently being provided automobile allowance for the required use of their private vehicles in the performance of their official duties shall continue receiving such allowances, provided that the amount of the allowance may be modified through a separate memorandum of agreement mutually agreed to by the Union and the Employer concerned. However, allowances shall be terminated when the Employer no longer requires the Employees to use their private vehicles in the performance of their official duties.

4. Mileage reimbursement to and from home to work site shall be allowed for all call back work and for overtime work on scheduled days off and holidays, except for Employees whose normal work hours include the holiday.

## **ARTICLE 42 - OTHER LEAVES OF ABSENCE**

A. Leave Without Pay to Work at the State Legislature. With the approval of the chief executive, and upon request of a member of the State Legislature, a regular Employee may be granted a leave of absence without pay to render service at the State Legislature. The leave without pay shall be for a duration of no more than twelve (12) months. The Employee shall have return rights as provided in paragraph H.

B. Leave Without Pay to Delay a Reduction-In-Force. A regular Employee may be granted a leave of absence without pay for no more than twelve (12) months in order to delay a planned layoff when the position which the Employee occupies has been abolished. If the Employee has not been placed at the expiration of the twelve (12) month period, the Employee shall be subject to Article 9, Layoff.

C. Leave Without Pay for Employees Serving Temporary Intergovernmental and Intragovernmental Assignments and Exchanges. Subject to the provisions of Section 78-27, Hawai'i Revised Statutes, Employees on temporary intergovernmental and intragovernmental assignments and exchanges may be granted leaves without pay. The Employee shall have the same rights and benefits as any other Employee of the sending agency who is on leave without pay status.

D. Educational Leave Without Pay. An appointing authority may grant a leave without pay to regular Employees for any of the following reasons:

1. To pursue a course of instruction which is related to the Employee's field of work;
2. To engage in research which has a beneficial effect on the skills or knowledges required in the Employee's field of work; or
3. To improve the Employee's ability and increase the Employee's fitness for public employment.

The duration of the educational leave without pay shall be for no more than twelve (12) months. For good cause, as determined by the appointing authority, educational leave without pay may be extended an additional twelve (12) months. The Employee shall have return rights as provided in paragraph H.

E. Industrial Injury Leave.

1. An Employee may be granted leave without pay not to exceed twelve (12) months, provided the Employee is receiving workers' compensation wage loss replacement benefits.
2. An Employee may also be granted additional periods of leave without pay not to exceed twelve (12) months per additional leave period, provided the Employee is receiving workers' compensation wage loss replacement benefits or provided the Employee's application for retirement is pending determination by the State retirement system.

F. Leave Without Pay to Work in Certain Appointive Positions.

1. An appointing authority may grant a leave without pay to a regular Employee to render services as a department head, agency head, deputy department head, as a secretary to a department head or a deputy department head, or as an appointee to any other position within the jurisdiction that is mutually agreeable between the Employer and the Union. The Employer shall compile a list of the appointive positions to which this section applies and maintain its currency.

2. The rights of an Employee who is released from the above appointments are as follows:

- a. Upon completion of no more than four (4) years of the leave without pay, reinstatement in the position in which the Employee last held



a permanent appointment. In the event the Employee is retained beyond these four (4) years for the transition to a new chief executive's term, but for not more than three (3) months, the Employee shall retain the reinstatement right to the Employee's former civil service position.

b. Following more than four (4) years of leave without pay, reinstatement to the Employee's former position if vacant or placement in a comparable vacant position.

c. Upon reinstatement in the former position or placement in another comparable position, compensation shall be as though the Employee had remained continuously in the position.

G. Other Leaves Without Pay. An appointing authority may grant regular or non-regular Employees leaves without pay for no more than twelve (12) months, for any of the following reasons:

1. To recuperate from physical or mental illnesses; provided, for leaves without pay of five (5) days or more, an Employee shall submit a certificate from a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) to substantiate the fact that period of leave without pay was due entirely to sickness and that the Employee is physically and/or mentally able to resume the duties of the Employee's position. However, the Employer may require an Employee to submit a certificate from a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) from the first day of absence without pay.

2. Death in the family.

3. To extend an annual vacation leave for travel, rest, or for recreation purposes.

4. To seek political office.

5. Personal business of an emergency nature.

6. Annual periods of temporary cessation of normal operation.

7. Child care.

8. Child adoption leave.

9. Care for an immediate family member (as defined in Article 37 - Funeral Leave) who is ill or injured.

10. Care for parents, spouse, children and/or grandparents who are unable to perform one (1) or more Activities of Daily Living (ADL). Typical Activities of Daily Living include the following:

- a. Mobility: Walking or wheeling any distance on a level surface.
- b. Transferring: Moving between the bed and a chair or the bed and a wheelchair.
- c. Dressing: Putting on and taking off all necessary items of clothing.
- d. Toileting: Getting to and from the toilet, getting on and off the toilet, and associated personal hygiene.
- e. Eating: All major tasks of getting food into the body.
- f. Bathing: Getting into or out of a tub or shower and/or otherwise washing the parts of the body.
- g. Contenance: Controlling one's bladder and bowel functions.

H. Return Rights from a Leave Without Pay. Except as specifically provided otherwise in this Article, Employees granted leaves without pay under this Article shall, upon condition of showing to the satisfaction of the appointing authority that the Employee has fulfilled the purpose of the Employee's leave, shall have the following rights:

1. A regular Employee, upon expiration of the Employee's leave shall be reinstated to the Employee's former position; provided, that if such position has been abolished during the period of such leave, the provisions of Article 9, Layoff shall be applicable.

2. A non-regular Employee, upon expiration of the Employee's leave shall have reinstatement rights to the Employee's former position, provided that the status and function of the position remained the same in the Employee's absence. In the event that the Employee cannot be reinstated, the Employee shall be terminated.

3. Failure of an Employee to return to duty at the expiration of the Employee's leave shall be deemed a resignation; provided that if within fifteen (15) days of the expiration of the leave, the Employee furnishes satisfactory reasons to the appointing authority as to why the Employee was unable to return immediately after the expiration of the leave, the Employee shall be entitled to such rights as the Employee had at the expiration of the leave. In the

event the appointing authority does not accept the reasons, the issue of the reasonableness of the reasons shall be subject to the provisions of Article 11, Grievance Procedure.

I. Other Rights and Conditions.

1. A regular Employee on an approved leave of absence shall be eligible during the period on such leave for promotional examinations and status of promotional eligible lists under the same conditions as though in active service.

2. An Employee who accepts employment, either in another position under civil service or in conflict with the purpose of the Employee's leave during the leave of absence, shall be deemed to have resigned from the Employee's position from which the leave was granted, effective the date of the appointment to the other position.

J. Unauthorized Leave. Any absence from work which does not meet the requirements for an authorized leave, with or without pay, shall be charged as unauthorized absence from work. Any period of unauthorized absence from work shall not be considered as service rendered.

K. Leave Pending Investigation of Charges.

1. Whenever an investigation of charges against an Employee is pending and the Employee's presence at the work site is deemed by the Employer to be detrimental to the proper conduct of the investigation or the operations of the work place, the Employee may be placed on a leave of absence without pay pending investigation subject to the following:

a. The Union and the Employee who is placed on the leave without pay pending an investigation shall be given written notice within forty-eight (48) hours after such action is taken. The written notice shall provide an explanation, including available facts, on why the Employee's presence at the work site is deemed by the Employer to be detrimental to the proper conduct of the investigation or the operations of the work place and the effective date of the leave of absence without pay pending an investigation.

b. The period of leave of absence without pay pending an investigation shall be for such length of time as may be necessary to conclude the investigation, but not exceeding thirty (30) days. In the event the investigation exceeds thirty (30) days, the appointing authority may exercise its options provided in subparagraph K 2.

c. If the Employee who has been placed on leave of absence without pay pending investigation is cleared of all charges or if the charges are dropped or not substantiated, the Employee shall be reinstated without loss of pay and all rights and benefits will be restored as though the Employee had not been on leave of absence without pay pending an investigation.

d. Disciplinary or discharge action resulting from an investigation of charges.

1) In the event a suspension is warranted, the Employer may consider any portion of the period of the leave of absence without pay pending an investigation towards fulfilling, in whole or in part, the disciplinary action considered appropriate by the Employer. The Employee shall be reinstated without loss of pay and benefits for any portion of the period of the leave of absence without pay which has not been considered towards fulfilling the disciplinary action.

2) In the event a discharge is warranted, the Employee shall not be granted any back pay or restored with any rights and benefits for the period of the leave of absence without pay pending an investigation.

2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, whenever an investigation of charges against an Employee is pending, the Employer shall have the discretion to:

- a. retain the Employee in active duty status;
- b. place the Employee on leave of absence with pay;
- c. return the Employee to active duty status from leave without pay pending an investigation; or,
- d. reassign the Employee to another work unit or area and in the same or different capacity.

The action shall be for the length of time as may be necessary to conclude the investigation.

### **ARTICLE 43 - LEAVE FOR INDUSTRIAL INJURY**

A. Whenever an Employee who is temporarily exposed to unusually hazardous conditions, or who is a member of a class recognized by the action of repricing to be a class exposed to unusually hazardous conditions, receives

personal injury arising out of the unusually hazardous conditions and in the performance of the Employee's duty, the Employee shall be placed on accidental injury leave unless suspended or dismissed for cause, and continued on the payroll of the Employee's respective department at the Employee's full regular monthly salary during the first four (4) months of the Employee's disability and thereafter during the period of the Employee's total disability from work at sixty percent (60%) of the Employee's regular monthly salary, as though the Employee did not sustain an industrial injury. The Employee shall be entitled to all rights and remedies allowed under Chapter 386, Hawai'i Revised Statutes, as amended, provided that any salary paid under this section shall be applied on account of any compensation allowed the Employee under Chapter 386, Hawai'i Revised Statutes, as amended or any benefits awarded the Employee under Part III of Chapter 88, Hawai'i Revised Statutes, as amended.

B. No accidental injury leave shall be granted for an injury incurred by an Employee by the Employee's willful intention to injure oneself or another or by the Employee's intoxication.

#### **ARTICLE 44 - MILITARY LEAVE**

A. Military Leave With Pay.

1. Employees whose appointment is for six (6) months or more shall, while on active duty, inactive duty training, or during periods of camps of instruction or field maneuvers as members of the national guard or reserve of the armed forces under call of the President of the United States or the governor of the State, be placed on leave with pay status for a period not exceeding fifteen (15) working days in any calendar year, except as provided in subparagraph A.2. No such person shall be subjected by any person, directly or indirectly, by reason of absence to any loss or diminution of vacation or holiday privileges or be prejudiced by reason of the absence with reference to promotion or continuance of employment or reemployment.

2. If an Employee is called to active duty or required to report for camp training or field maneuvers by official military orders a second time within a calendar year, the Employee may elect to use up to fifteen (15) working days of the succeeding calendar year; provided that the Employee's entitlement to the working days advanced shall be canceled from the succeeding calendar year, and the Employee shall so agree in writing. The Employee who is advanced leave shall be required to reimburse the Employer an amount equivalent to the days advanced in the event the Employee leaves government employment prior to completion of a year's service in the succeeding year from which leave was advanced, except in the case of death of the Employee.

B. Military Leave Without Pay.

1. The following Employees shall be entitled to military leave without pay for service in the United States Armed Forces:

a. Employees serving initial probational appointments.

b. Regular Employees serving permanent or new probational appointments.

c. Regular Employees serving temporary appointments and who have not forfeited their rights to the position in which they last held permanent appointment.

d. Exempt Employees serving other than temporary appointments.

2. The duration of the military leave without pay shall be for no more than five (5) years.

3. The Employee has the option to 1) substitute any available paid vacation leave time for otherwise unpaid leave or 2) be paid their available vacation leave time in a lump sum payment. The Employee's choice of lump sum payment for vacation allowance will not of itself cause the forfeiture of unused sick leave credits.

4. Upon conclusion of the military leave without pay, Employees shall have reemployment rights in accordance with Chapter 43 of Title 38 of the United States Code.

5. Replacements for Employees on military leave without pay.

a. In filling a position which became vacant by military leave without pay, the appointing authority may appoint a replacement Employee and shall inform the replacement the status of the replacement's employment and the provisions of this Agreement relating to military leaves without pay.

b. A replacement employed in the position from which military leave was granted shall be displaced so that the position may be filled again by the former Employee returning to government employment. Replacement Employees with regular status shall be returned to their former positions or other comparable positions deemed appropriate by the Employer. In the event there are no such positions, the replacement Employees shall be subject to Article 9, Layoff.

C. Leave for Pre-Induction Examination. An Employee who is absent from work for the purpose of undergoing physical examination prior to induction into the United States Armed Forces shall be granted leave with pay for such purpose, and the leave shall not be charged against the Employee's vacation allowance.

## **ARTICLE 45 – SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE MANAGER**

A. A committee consisting of School Food Service Managers from each school district, the Union, and representatives from the Department of Education shall, immediately upon signing of this contract, meet for the purpose of recommending changes to the existing handbook for School Lunch Services.

B. All School Food Service Managers shall be on duty six (6) working days prior to the reporting date of students according to the Board of Education approved Official School Calendar and three (3) working days after the last scheduled day for students according to the Board of Education approved Official School Calendar. School Food Service Managers shall be paid but not required to report to work on the day between semesters.

All School Food Service Managers shall be compensated, when requested, for any work they perform during their vacations at their hourly rate of pay for each hour of work performed in addition to their vacation pay.

C. Beginning with the 1998-1999 school year, all School Food Service Managers shall receive a Salary Differential for the seven (7) additional days added to the school year. The Salary Differential shall be determined by multiplying an Employee's existing daily rate of pay by seven (7) days. The Salary Differential shall be prorated over a twelve (12) month period effective at the start of the school year.

D. All School Food Service Managers shall have free lunch.

E. School Food Service Managers shall have the right to make recommendations for the selection of their permanent subordinates which shall be considered by the appointing authorities in selection of their staff members. Substitutes may be appointed by the School Food Service Managers from a list supplied by the Department.

F. Where funds and positions are available, Cafeteria Helpers shall be employed by November 15, after the official calculation of lunch counts and supplementary sales where the need for additional help is demonstrated.

G. The Employer shall grant three (3) days personal leave per calendar school year with pay to School Food Service Managers. Such personal leave shall be granted only upon application for business that can only

be transacted during the normal work hours of the School Food Service Managers and shall be charged to sick leave.

H. A School Food Service Manager who has been downgraded due to class formula shall be given lateral transfer privileges in the higher grade.

I. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 35, Vacation Leave, and Article 36, Sick Leave, the policies and practices regarding vacation and sick leave for School Food Service Managers which were in effect on the execution date of this Agreement shall remain in effect for the duration of this Agreement except as modified in this Article.

## **ARTICLE 46 - WORK SCHEDULES**

The present practices and policies concerning work schedules for Refuse Collection Foremen of the Employer shall remain in effect. It is understood that the Employer retains the flexibility to change such work schedules consistent with operational needs and existing policy.

## **ARTICLE 46A – REST PERIODS AND LUNCH PERIOD**

A. All Employees shall be allowed rest periods of ten (10) minutes during each half of the workday or work shift and before each two (2) hours of continuous overtime work performed after completing a regular workday or work shift of eight (8) hours. The times and locations at which rest periods shall be taken are to be determined by the department head or designee after giving due consideration to the desires of the Employees and the requirements of the department.

B. All Employees shall be allowed a lunch period not exceeding forty-five (45) minutes. Such lunch period shall not constitute working time.

## **ARTICLE 47 - NO STRIKE OR LOCKOUT**

A. The Union agrees that during the life of this Agreement the Union, its agents or its bargaining unit members will not authorize, instigate, aid or engage in any work stoppage, slow down, sickout, refusal to work, picketing or strike against the Employer.

B. The Employer agrees that during the life of this Agreement, there will be no lockout.

C. Any violation of this Article by the Union or the Employer shall not be subject to Article 11, Grievance Procedure, and either party may pursue such legal remedies as provided by law.



D. Disciplinary action taken against an Employee for violation of this Article shall be subject to Article 11, Grievance Procedure.

## ARTICLE 48 - PARKING

### A. Parking Rates.

1. This paragraph shall apply only to Employees under the following conditions:

a. The Employee is required to provide a personal vehicle for work purposes as a condition of employment as determined by the Employer; and

b. The Employee parks at a parking facility under the jurisdiction of the State Department of Accounting and General Services or the City and County of Honolulu Building Department.

2. Parking rates for Employees covered by this paragraph shall be as follows:

#### STATE OF HAWAI'I

##### Island of O`ahu

Covered Parking	\$12.50/month
Uncovered Parking	7.50/month

##### Neighbor Islands

Covered Parking	\$ 7.50/month
Uncovered Parking	5.00/month

#### CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

All Parking	\$ 7.50/month
-------------	---------------

B. It is understood and agreed that Employees who are required to provide a personal automobile as a condition of employment and who are parking in commercial parking facilities shall be offered a parking assignment in a DAGS or City Building Department facility, as applicable, and as space becomes available. Until such time that the Employer can offer such parking assignment, the Employer agrees to reimburse each Employee a monthly sum as follows:

#### STATE OF HAWAI'I

Island of O`ahu

Covered Parking           \$12.50/month  
Uncovered Parking        7.50/month

Neighbor Islands

Covered Parking           \$ 7.50/month  
Uncovered Parking        5.00/month

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

All Parking                \$ 7.50/month

Any Employee who declines an offer to park in a DAGS or City Building Department facility shall not be entitled to the reimbursement.

C. It is further understood and agreed that Employees who are required to provide a personal automobile as a condition of employment and who presently are not charged for parking shall continue to receive free parking, unless their conditions of employment are changed.

**ARTICLE 49 - MISCELLANEOUS**

A. The Employer agrees to furnish a copy of the Agreement together with any letter which may be furnished by the Union outlining its collective bargaining services and membership information to all new Employees of the bargaining unit.

B. The Employer shall either reimburse Employees for the reasonable value, or pay for the actual cost of repair, of personal clothing, prescription glasses, and watches which are maliciously damaged or destroyed by another person or animal while the Employee is acting in the discharge of the Employee's duties and without negligence.

The Employer's liability shall be limited to fifty dollars (\$50) for watches.

C. The Employer shall provide the Union upon request, not more than twice each year, lists showing the names of all Employees, their classification titles, their department, and the most recent dates of continuous hire in the jurisdiction.

D. Section 78-12, Hawai`i Revised Statutes, relating to "salary withheld for indebtedness to the government" which also covers salary overpayment shall apply to affected Employees.

## **ARTICLE 49A – LICENSES**

When an Employee is required by law and/or the Employer to obtain licenses, registrations, or certifications in order to work in the Employee's existing position, the Employee shall be reimbursed for the cost of maintaining such licenses, registrations, or certifications by the Employer upon proof of such payment.

## **ARTICLE 50 – DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING**

The Union and Employer have reached an agreement on alcohol and controlled substance testing. Part one of the agreement pertains to alcohol and controlled substance testing for all Employees based on "reasonable suspicion." Part two of the agreement pertains to "random" alcohol and controlled substance testing for certain identified health, safety and public trust (HSPT) Employees. The agreement has an attached list of identified HSPT positions.

The agreement is intended to keep the workplace free from the hazards related to the use of alcohol and controlled substances by the testing program. Employees are expected to report to work in a physical and mental condition consistent with this agreement which enables them to perform their duties in a safe and productive manner. Employees subject to alcohol and controlled substance tests and who are subject to disciplinary action shall be afforded "due process" as provided in the alcohol and controlled substance testing agreement and applicable provisions of the collective bargaining agreement.

All health, safety and public trust Employees will receive a copy of the "random" alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Employer. All other Employees will receive a copy of the "reasonable suspicion" alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Employer. Employees may also request a copy of the alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Union.

NOTE: The agreement reflects a "two strikes and you're out" disciplinary action schedule for confirmed positive tests for alcohol and controlled substance that was negotiated through a memorandum of agreement and ratified by Employees in the bargaining unit.

## **ARTICLE 51 - SALARIES**

A. The salary schedule in effect on June 30, 2021 shall be designated as Exhibit A.

B. Subject to the approval of the respective legislative bodies and effective July 1, 2021:

1. Salary Schedule:

a. The salary schedule designated as Exhibit A shall be effective for the period July 1, 2021 to and including June 30, 2022.

b. Following B.1.a. above, Employees shall be placed on the corresponding pay range and step of Exhibit A.

c. Employees not administratively assigned to the salary schedule shall continue to receive their June 30, 2021 basic rate of pay for the period July 1, 2021 to and including June 30, 2022.

2. Lump Sum Payment:

Employees who were employed as of June 30, 2021, shall receive a one-time lump sum payment equal to one percent (1%) of their annual basic rate of pay as of June 30, 2021, provided that they continue to be employed as of July 1, 2021. Employees who are less than full-time shall receive a prorated amount of this lump sum payment.

C. Subject to the approval of the respective legislative bodies and effective July 1, 2022:

1. The salary schedule designated as Exhibit A shall be amended to reflect a three and seventy-two hundredths percent (3.72%) increase and such amended schedule shall be designated as Exhibit B.

2. Following C.1. above, Employees shall be placed on the corresponding pay range and step of Exhibit B.

3. Employees who were on Steps B1 and C1 as of June 30, 2020, shall receive a three and seventy-two hundredths percent (3.72%) pay increase.

4. Employees who were on Step L5 as of June 30, 2015, shall receive a three and seventy-two hundredths percent (3.72%) pay increase.

5. Employees not administratively assigned to the salary schedule shall receive a three and seventy-two hundredths (3.72%) pay increase.

D. Subject to the approval of the respective legislative bodies and effective July 1, 2023:

1. The salary schedule designated as Exhibit B shall be amended to reflect a five percent (5%) increase and such amended schedule shall be designated as Exhibit C.

2. Following D.1. above, Employees shall be placed on the corresponding pay range and step of Exhibit C.

3. Employees on Steps B1 and C1 as of June 30, 2020, shall receive a five percent (5%) pay increase.

4. Employees who were on Step L5 as of June 30, 2015, shall receive a five percent (5%) pay increase.

5. Employees not administratively assigned to the salary schedule shall receive a five percent (5%) pay increase.

E. Subject to the approval of the respective legislative bodies and effective July 1, 2024:

1. The salary schedule designated as Exhibit C shall be amended to reflect a five percent (5%) increase and such amended schedule shall be designated as Exhibit D.

2. Following E.1. above, Employees shall be placed on the corresponding pay range and step of Exhibit D.

3. Employees who were on Steps B1 and C1 as of June 30, 2020, shall receive a five percent (5%) pay increase.

4. Employees who were on Step L5 as of June 30, 2015, shall receive a five percent (5%) pay increase.

5. Employees not administratively assigned to the salary schedule shall receive a five percent (5%) pay increase.

F. Employees on Step L5 as of June 30, 2015, and Steps B1 and C1 as of June 30, 2020, shall have their compensation administered in a separate Memorandum of Agreement.

**ARTICLE 51A – SALARY SCHEDULES FOR  
BLUE-COLLAR SUPERVISORY POSITIONS**

The salary schedules for blue-collar supervisory positions shall be comprised of fifteen (15) salary grades; and there shall be one salary schedule for each of the following levels:

1. Working Foreman (WF);
2. Foreman I (F1);
3. Foreman II (F2);
4. Foreman III (F3); and
5. General Foreman (GF).

**ARTICLE 52 – HAWAII EMPLOYER-UNION HEALTH BENEFITS TRUST  
FUND**

A. “Health Benefit Plan” shall mean the medical PPO, HMO, prescription drug, dental, vision and dual coverage medical plans.

B. Effective July 1, 2021

Subject to the applicable provisions of Chapter 87A and 89, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the Employer shall pay monthly contributions which include the cost of any Hawaii Employer-Union Health Benefits Trust Fund (Trust Fund) administrative fees to the Trust Fund effective July 1, 2021, not to exceed the monthly contribution amounts as specified below:

1. For each Employee-Beneficiary with no dependent-beneficiaries enrolled in the following Trust Fund health benefits plans:

<u>BENEFIT PLAN</u>	<u>TOTAL EMPLOYER MONTHLY CONTRIBUTION</u>
a. Medical (PPO or HMO) (medical, drug & chiro)	\$ 428.78
b. Dental	\$ 22.14
c. Vision	\$ 3.68
d. Dual coverage (medical & drug)	\$ 22.74

The Employer shall pay the same monthly contribution for each member enrolled in a self only medical plan (PPO or HMO), regardless of which plan is chosen; provided that the dollar amount contributed by the Employer shall not cause the employer share to exceed 84.3% of the total premium.

2. For each Employee-Beneficiary with one dependent-beneficiary enrolled in the following Trust Fund health benefit plans:

<u>BENEFIT PLAN</u>	<u>TOTAL EMPLOYER MONTHLY CONTRIBUTION</u>
a. Medical (PPO or HMO) (medical, drug & chiro)	\$1,041.40
b. Dental	\$ 44.28
c. Vision	\$ 6.84
d. Dual coverage (medical & drug)	\$ 42.90

The Employer shall pay the same monthly contribution for each member enrolled in a two-party medical plan (PPO or HMO), regardless of which plan is chosen; provided that the dollar amount contributed by the Employer shall not cause the employer share to exceed 84.3% of the total premium.

3. For each Employee-Beneficiary with two or more dependent-beneficiaries enrolled in the following Trust Fund health benefit plans:

<u>BENEFIT PLAN</u>	<u>TOTAL EMPLOYER MONTHLY CONTRIBUTION</u>
a. Medical (PPO or HMO) (medical, drug & chiro)	\$1,327.70
b. Dental	\$ 72.78
c. Vision	\$ 8.94
d. Dual coverage (medical & drug)	\$ 46.72

The Employer shall pay the same monthly contribution for each member enrolled in a family medical plan (PPO or HMO), regardless of which plan is chosen; provided that the dollar amount contributed by the Employer shall not cause the employer share to exceed 84.3% of the total premium.

4. For each Employee-Beneficiary enrolled in the Trust Fund group life insurance plan, the Employer shall pay \$4.12 per month which reflects one hundred percent (100%) of the monthly premium and any administrative fees.

C. Effective July 1, 2022

Subject to the applicable provisions of Chapter 87A and 89, Hawaii Revised Statutes, effective July 1, 2022 for plan year 2022-2023, with the exception of items C.1.d., C.2.d., C.3.d., and C.4., which shall be as described below, the Employer shall pay a specific dollar amount equivalent to sixty percent (60%) of the final premium rates established by the Trust Fund Board for the respective health benefit plan, plus sixty percent (60%) of any administrative fees.

1. The amounts paid by the Employer shall be based on the plan

year 2022-2023 final monthly premium rates established by the Trust Fund for each Employee-Beneficiary with no dependent-beneficiaries enrolled in the following Trust Fund health plans:

**BENEFIT PLAN**

- a. Dental
- b. Vision
- c. Dual coverage (medical & drug)
- d. Medical (PPO or HMO) (medical, drug & chiro) – The Employer

shall pay the same monthly contribution for each member enrolled in a self only medical plan, regardless of which plan is chosen. The amount shall be based on 60% of the total premium of the HMSA 80-20 medical plan (with drug & chiro), provided that the dollar amount contributed by the Employer shall not cause the employer share to exceed 84.3% of the total premium.

2. The amounts paid by the Employer shall be based on the plan year 2022-2023 final monthly premium rates established by the Trust Fund for each Employee-Beneficiary with one dependent-beneficiary enrolled in the following Trust Fund health plans:

**BENEFIT PLAN**

- a. Dental
- b. Vision
- c. Dual coverage (medical & drug)
- d. Medical (PPO or HMO) (medical, drug & chiro) – the Employer

shall pay the same monthly contribution for each member enrolled in a two-party medical plan, regardless of which plan is chosen. The amount shall be based on 60% of the total premium of the HMSA 80-20 medical plan (with drug & chiro), provided that the dollar amount contributed by the Employer shall not cause the employer share to exceed 84.3% of the total premium.

3. The amounts paid by the Employer shall be based on the plan year 2022-2023 final monthly premium rates established by the Trust Fund for each Employee-Beneficiary with two or more dependent-beneficiaries enrolled in the following Trust Fund health plans:

**BENEFIT PLAN**

- a. Dental
- b. Vision
- c. Dual coverage (medical & drug)
- d. Medical (PPO or HMO) (medical, drug & chiro) – the Employer shall

pay the same monthly contribution for each member enrolled in a family medical plan, regardless of which plan is chosen. The amount shall be based on 60% of the total premium of the HMSA 80-20 medical plan (with drug & chiro), provided that the dollar amount contributed by the Employer shall not cause the employer share to exceed 84.3% of the total premium.



4. For each Employee-Beneficiary enrolled in the Trust Fund group life insurance plan, the Employer shall pay one hundred percent (100%) of the monthly premium and any administrative fees.

D. No later than three (3) weeks after the Trust Fund Board formally establishes and adopts the final premium rates for the Fiscal Year 2022-2023, the Office of Collective Bargaining shall distribute the final calculation of the Employer's monthly contribution amounts for each health benefit plan.

E. Payment for Plans Eliminated or Abolished. The Employer shall make no payments for any and all premiums for any portion or part of a Trust Fund health benefit plan that the Trust Fund Board eliminates or abolishes.

F. Rounding Employer's Monthly Contribution. Whenever the Employer's monthly contribution (premium plus administrative fee) to the Trust Fund is less than one hundred percent (100%) of the monthly premium amount, such monthly contribution shall be rounded to the nearest cent as provided below:

1. When rounding to the nearest cent results in an even amount, such even amount shall be the Employer's monthly contribution. For example:

- (a)  $\$11.397 = \$11.40 = \$11.40$  (Employer's monthly contribution)
- (b)  $\$11.382 = \$11.38 = \$11.38$  (Employer's monthly contribution)

2. When rounding to the nearest cent results in an odd amount, round to the lower even cent, and such even amount shall be the Employer's monthly contribution. For example:

- (a)  $\$11.392 = \$11.39 = \$11.38$  (Employer's monthly contribution)
- (b)  $\$11.386 = \$11.39 = \$11.38$  (Employer's monthly contribution)

All employer contributions effective July 1, 2021, reflect the rounding described in item F. Employer contributions effective July 1, 2022 shall be rounded as described in item F. after the Trust Fund Board formally establishes and adopts the final premium rates for Fiscal Year 2022-2023.

G. If an agreement covering periods beyond the term of this Agreement is not executed by June 30, 2023, Employer contributions to the Trust Fund shall be the same monthly contribution amounts paid in plan year 2022-2023 for the Health Benefit Plan approved by the Trust Fund including any monthly administrative fees.

## **ARTICLE 53 - ENTIRETY CLAUSE**

The Employer and the Union agree that the terms and provisions herein contained constitute the entire Agreement between the parties and supersede all previous communications, representations or agreement, either verbal or written, between the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter herein. The Employer and the Union agree that all negotiable items have been discussed during the negotiations leading to this Agreement and, therefore, agree that negotiations will not be reopened on any item during the life of this Agreement, except as provided in Article 53, Duration, or by mutual consent.

## **ARTICLE 54 - DURATION**

The Unit 02 Agreement shall be effective as of July 1, 2021 and shall remain in full force and effect to and including June 30, 2025. During the term of this Agreement, the parties shall meet on the Employer EUTF contributions for the plan years 2023-2024 and 2024-2025 by giving written notice to the other party of its intent to reopen by January 31, 2023.

In the event the parties reach agreement on the Employer's contribution to EUTF, such amended article shall be effective no earlier than July 1, 2023, and shall remain in effect to and including June 30, 2025. The entire Unit 02 Agreement shall be renewed thereafter in accordance with statutes unless either party hereto gives written notice to the other party of its desire to modify, amend, or terminate the Unit 02 Agreement.

Notices and proposals shall be in writing and shall be presented to the other party between June 15 and June 30, 2024. When the notice is given, negotiations for a new Unit 02 Agreement shall commence on a mutually agreeable date following the exchange of written proposals.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto, by their authorized representatives, have executed this Agreement.

STATE OF HAWAI'I

By: David Y. Ige  
Governor

Ryker Wada  
Chief Negotiator

CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

By: Rick Blangiardi  
Mayor

Nola Miyasaki

COUNTY OF HAWAI'I

By: Mitch Roth  
Mayor

Waylen Leopoldino

COUNTY OF MAUI

By: Michael Victorino  
Mayor

David Underwood

COUNTY OF KAUA'I

By: Derrick Kawakami  
Mayor

Annette Anderson

HAWAI'I HEALTH SYSTEMS  
CORPORATION

By: Dr. Linda Rosen  
President & CEO

Juanita Lauti

JUDICIARY

By: Mark E. Recktenwald  
Chief Justice

Eric Tanigawa

HAWAI'I GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES  
ASSOCIATION, AFSCME, LOCAL 152, AFL-  
CIO

By: Randy Perreira  
Executive Director

Lance Kamisugi

Jason Locke

Edwin Soriano

Robert Diego

Anthony Cruz

Bargaining Unit 2 - Blue Collar Supervisors  
SALARY SCHEDULE  
January 1, 2021

Exhibit A

Step A			Step A			Step A			Step A		
WF01	ANN	45,132	WF09	ANN	62,220	F101	ANN	48,036	F109	ANN	66,216
	MON	3,761		MON	5,185		MON	4,003		MON	5,518
	8HR	173.60		8HR	239.28		8HR	184.72		8HR	254.64
	HRLY	21.70		HRLY	29.91		HRLY	23.09		HRLY	31.83
WF02	ANN	46,956	WF10	ANN	64,728	F102	ANN	50,004	F110	ANN	68,892
	MON	3,913		MON	5,394		MON	4,167		MON	5,741
	8HR	180.64		8HR	248.96		8HR	192.32		8HR	264.96
	HRLY	22.58		HRLY	31.12		HRLY	24.04		HRLY	33.12
WF03	ANN	48,456	WF11	ANN	67,308	F103	ANN	51,612	F111	ANN	71,664
	MON	4,038		MON	5,609		MON	4,301		MON	5,972
	8HR	186.40		8HR	258.88		8HR	198.48		8HR	275.60
	HRLY	23.30		HRLY	32.36		HRLY	24.81		HRLY	34.45
WF04	ANN	50,400	WF12	ANN	69,924	F104	ANN	53,712	F112	ANN	74,532
	MON	4,200		MON	5,827		MON	4,476		MON	6,211
	8HR	193.84		8HR	268.96		8HR	206.56		8HR	286.64
	HRLY	24.23		HRLY	33.62		HRLY	25.82		HRLY	35.83
WF05	ANN	52,416	WF13	ANN	72,804	F105	ANN	56,556	F113	ANN	77,496
	MON	4,368		MON	6,067		MON	4,713		MON	6,458
	8HR	201.60		8HR	280.00		8HR	217.52		8HR	298.08
	HRLY	25.20		HRLY	35.00		HRLY	27.19		HRLY	37.26
WF06	ANN	54,528	WF14	ANN	75,660	F106	ANN	58,068	F114	ANN	80,568
	MON	4,544		MON	6,305		MON	4,839		MON	6,714
	8HR	209.76		8HR	291.04		8HR	223.36		8HR	309.84
	HRLY	26.22		HRLY	36.38		HRLY	27.92		HRLY	38.73
WF07	ANN	56,676	WF15	ANN	78,672	F107	ANN	60,336	F115	ANN	83,772
	MON	4,723		MON	6,556		MON	5,028		MON	6,981
	8HR	218.00		8HR	302.56		8HR	232.08		8HR	322.24
	HRLY	27.25		HRLY	37.82		HRLY	29.01		HRLY	40.28
WF08	ANN	58,908				F108	ANN	62,748			
	MON	4,909					MON	5,229			
	8HR	226.56					8HR	241.36			
	HRLY	28.32					HRLY	30.17			

Bargaining Unit 2 - Blue Collar Supervisors  
SALARY SCHEDULE  
January 1, 2021

Exhibit A

Step A			Step A			Step A			Step A		
F201	ANN	51,168	F209	ANN	70,572	F301	ANN	54,492	F309	ANN	75,120
	MON	4,264		MON	5,881		MON	4,541		MON	6,260
	8HR	196.80		8HR	271.44		8HR	209.60		8HR	288.96
	HRLY	24.60		HRLY	33.93		HRLY	26.20		HRLY	36.12
F202	ANN	53,208	F210	ANN	73,320	F302	ANN	56,676	F310	ANN	78,072
	MON	4,434		MON	6,110		MON	4,723		MON	6,506
	8HR	204.64		8HR	282.00		8HR	218.00		8HR	300.24
	HRLY	25.58		HRLY	35.25		HRLY	27.25		HRLY	37.53
F203	ANN	54,948	F211	ANN	76,272	F303	ANN	58,560	F311	ANN	81,252
	MON	4,579		MON	6,356		MON	4,880		MON	6,771
	8HR	211.36		8HR	293.36		8HR	225.20		8HR	312.48
	HRLY	26.42		HRLY	36.67		HRLY	28.15		HRLY	39.06
F204	ANN	57,144	F212	ANN	79,368	F304	ANN	60,864	F312	ANN	84,552
	MON	4,762		MON	6,614		MON	5,072		MON	7,046
	8HR	219.76		8HR	305.28		8HR	234.08		8HR	325.20
	HRLY	27.47		HRLY	38.16		HRLY	29.26		HRLY	40.65
F205	ANN	59,460	F213	ANN	82,584	F305	ANN	63,360	F313	ANN	87,960
	MON	4,955		MON	6,882		MON	5,280		MON	7,330
	8HR	228.72		8HR	317.60		8HR	243.68		8HR	338.32
	HRLY	28.59		HRLY	39.70		HRLY	30.46		HRLY	42.29
F206	ANN	61,812	F214	ANN	85,836	F306	ANN	65,820	F314	ANN	91,380
	MON	5,151		MON	7,153		MON	5,485		MON	7,615
	8HR	237.76		8HR	330.16		8HR	253.12		8HR	351.44
	HRLY	29.72		HRLY	41.27		HRLY	31.64		HRLY	43.93
F207	ANN	64,320	F215	ANN	89,256	F307	ANN	68,448	F315	ANN	95,088
	MON	5,360		MON	7,438		MON	5,704		MON	7,924
	8HR	247.36		8HR	343.28		8HR	263.28		8HR	365.76
	HRLY	30.92		HRLY	42.91		HRLY	32.91		HRLY	45.72
F208	ANN	66,876				F308	ANN	71,160			
	MON	5,573					MON	5,930			
	8HR	257.20					8HR	273.68			
	HRLY	32.15					HRLY	34.21			

Bargaining Unit 2 - Blue Collar Supervisors  
 SALARY SCHEDULE  
 January 1, 2021

Exhibit A

Step A			Step A		
GF01	ANN	58,044	GF09	ANN	80,052
	MON	4,837		MON	6,671
	8HR	223.28		8HR	307.92
	HRLY	27.91		HRLY	38.49
GF02	ANN	60,336	GF10	ANN	83,160
	MON	5,028		MON	6,930
	8HR	232.08		8HR	319.84
	HRLY	29.01		HRLY	39.98
GF03	ANN	62,340	GF11	ANN	86,472
	MON	5,195		MON	7,206
	8HR	239.76		8HR	332.56
	HRLY	29.97		HRLY	41.57
GF04	ANN	64,812	GF12	ANN	90,000
	MON	5,401		MON	7,500
	8HR	249.28		8HR	346.16
	HRLY	31.16		HRLY	43.27
GF05	ANN	67,452	GF13	ANN	93,636
	MON	5,621		MON	7,803
	8HR	259.44		8HR	360.16
	HRLY	32.43		HRLY	45.02
GF06	ANN	70,092	GF14	ANN	97,308
	MON	5,841		MON	8,109
	8HR	269.60		8HR	374.24
	HRLY	33.70		HRLY	46.78
GF07	ANN	72,924	GF15	ANN	101,208
	MON	6,077		MON	8,434
	8HR	280.48		8HR	389.28
	HRLY	35.06		HRLY	48.66
GF08	ANN	75,876			
	MON	6,323			
	8HR	291.84			
	HRLY	36.48			

Bargaining Unit 2 - Blue Collar Supervisors  
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Exhibit B

Step A			Step A			Step A			Step A		
WF01	ANN	46,812	WF09	ANN	64,536	F101	ANN	49,824	F109	ANN	68,676
	MON	3,901		MON	5,378		MON	4,152		MON	5,723
	8HR	180.08		8HR	248.24		8HR	191.60		8HR	264.16
	HRLY	22.51		HRLY	31.03		HRLY	23.95		HRLY	33.02
WF02	ANN	48,708	WF10	ANN	67,140	F102	ANN	51,864	F110	ANN	71,460
	MON	4,059		MON	5,595		MON	4,322		MON	5,955
	8HR	187.36		8HR	258.24		8HR	199.44		8HR	274.88
	HRLY	23.42		HRLY	32.28		HRLY	24.93		HRLY	34.36
WF03	ANN	50,256	WF11	ANN	69,816	F103	ANN	53,532	F111	ANN	74,328
	MON	4,188		MON	5,818		MON	4,461		MON	6,194
	8HR	193.28		8HR	268.56		8HR	205.92		8HR	285.84
	HRLY	24.16		HRLY	33.57		HRLY	25.74		HRLY	35.73
WF04	ANN	52,272	WF12	ANN	72,528	F104	ANN	55,716	F112	ANN	77,304
	MON	4,356		MON	6,044		MON	4,643		MON	6,442
	8HR	201.04		8HR	278.96		8HR	214.32		8HR	297.36
	HRLY	25.13		HRLY	34.87		HRLY	26.79		HRLY	37.17
WF05	ANN	54,360	WF13	ANN	75,516	F105	ANN	58,656	F113	ANN	80,376
	MON	4,530		MON	6,293		MON	4,888		MON	6,698
	8HR	209.04		8HR	290.48		8HR	225.60		8HR	309.12
	HRLY	26.13		HRLY	36.31		HRLY	28.20		HRLY	38.64
WF06	ANN	56,556	WF14	ANN	78,480	F106	ANN	60,228	F114	ANN	83,568
	MON	4,713		MON	6,540		MON	5,019		MON	6,964
	8HR	217.52		8HR	301.84		8HR	231.68		8HR	321.44
	HRLY	27.19		HRLY	37.73		HRLY	28.96		HRLY	40.18
WF07	ANN	58,788	WF15	ANN	81,600	F107	ANN	62,580	F115	ANN	86,892
	MON	4,899		MON	6,800		MON	5,215		MON	7,241
	8HR	226.08		8HR	313.84		8HR	240.72		8HR	334.24
	HRLY	28.26		HRLY	39.23		HRLY	30.09		HRLY	41.78
WF08	ANN	61,104				F108	ANN	65,088			
	MON	5,092					MON	5,424			
	8HR	235.04					8HR	250.32			
	HRLY	29.38					HRLY	31.29			

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Exhibit B

Step A			Step A			Step A			Step A		
F201	ANN	53,076	F209	ANN	73,200	F301	ANN	56,520	F309	ANN	77,916
	MON	4,423		MON	6,100		MON	4,710		MON	6,493
	8HR	204.16		8HR	281.52		8HR	217.36		8HR	299.68
	HRLY	25.52		HRLY	35.19		HRLY	27.17		HRLY	37.46
F202	ANN	55,188	F210	ANN	76,044	F302	ANN	58,788	F310	ANN	80,976
	MON	4,599		MON	6,337		MON	4,899		MON	6,748
	8HR	212.24		8HR	292.48		8HR	226.08		8HR	311.44
	HRLY	26.53		HRLY	36.56		HRLY	28.26		HRLY	38.93
F203	ANN	56,988	F211	ANN	79,104	F303	ANN	60,744	F311	ANN	84,276
	MON	4,749		MON	6,592		MON	5,062		MON	7,023
	8HR	219.20		8HR	304.24		8HR	233.60		8HR	324.16
	HRLY	27.40		HRLY	38.03		HRLY	29.20		HRLY	40.52
F204	ANN	59,268	F212	ANN	82,320	F304	ANN	63,132	F312	ANN	87,696
	MON	4,939		MON	6,860		MON	5,261		MON	7,308
	8HR	227.92		8HR	316.64		8HR	242.80		8HR	337.28
	HRLY	28.49		HRLY	39.58		HRLY	30.35		HRLY	42.16
F205	ANN	61,668	F213	ANN	85,656	F305	ANN	65,712	F313	ANN	91,236
	MON	5,139		MON	7,138		MON	5,476		MON	7,603
	8HR	237.20		8HR	329.44		8HR	252.72		8HR	350.88
	HRLY	29.65		HRLY	41.18		HRLY	31.59		HRLY	43.86
F206	ANN	64,116	F214	ANN	89,028	F306	ANN	68,268	F314	ANN	94,776
	MON	5,343		MON	7,419		MON	5,689		MON	7,898
	8HR	246.64		8HR	342.40		8HR	262.56		8HR	364.56
	HRLY	30.83		HRLY	42.80		HRLY	32.82		HRLY	45.57
F207	ANN	66,708	F215	ANN	92,580	F307	ANN	70,992	F315	ANN	98,628
	MON	5,559		MON	7,715		MON	5,916		MON	8,219
	8HR	256.56		8HR	356.08		8HR	273.04		8HR	379.36
	HRLY	32.07		HRLY	44.51		HRLY	34.13		HRLY	47.42
F208	ANN	69,360				F308	ANN	73,812			
	MON	5,780					MON	6,151			
	8HR	266.80					8HR	283.92			
	HRLY	33.35					HRLY	35.49			



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Exhibit B

Step A			Step A		
GF01	ANN	60,204	GF09	ANN	83,028
	MON	5,017		MON	6,919
	8HR	231.52		8HR	319.36
	HRLY	28.94		HRLY	39.92
GF02	ANN	62,580	GF10	ANN	86,256
	MON	5,215		MON	7,188
	8HR	240.72		8HR	331.76
	HRLY	30.09		HRLY	41.47
GF03	ANN	64,656	GF11	ANN	89,688
	MON	5,388		MON	7,474
	8HR	248.64		8HR	344.96
	HRLY	31.08		HRLY	43.12
GF04	ANN	67,224	GF12	ANN	93,348
	MON	5,602		MON	7,779
	8HR	258.56		8HR	359.04
	HRLY	32.32		HRLY	44.88
GF05	ANN	69,960	GF13	ANN	97,116
	MON	5,830		MON	8,093
	8HR	269.04		8HR	373.52
	HRLY	33.63		HRLY	46.69
GF06	ANN	72,696	GF14	ANN	100,932
	MON	6,058		MON	8,411
	8HR	279.60		8HR	388.24
	HRLY	34.95		HRLY	48.53
GF07	ANN	75,636	GF15	ANN	104,976
	MON	6,303		MON	8,748
	8HR	290.88		8HR	403.76
	HRLY	36.36		HRLY	50.47
GF08	ANN	78,696			
	MON	6,558			
	8HR	302.64			
	HRLY	37.83			

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Exhibit C

Step A			Step A			Step A			Step A		
WF01	ANN	49,152	WF09	ANN	67,764	F101	ANN	52,320	F109	ANN	72,108
	MON	4,096		MON	5,647		MON	4,360		MON	6,009
	8HR	189.04		8HR	260.64		8HR	201.20		8HR	277.36
	HRLY	23.63		HRLY	32.58		HRLY	25.15		HRLY	34.67
WF02	ANN	51,144	WF10	ANN	70,500	F102	ANN	54,456	F110	ANN	75,036
	MON	4,262		MON	5,875		MON	4,538		MON	6,253
	8HR	196.72		8HR	271.12		8HR	209.44		8HR	288.64
	HRLY	24.59		HRLY	33.89		HRLY	26.18		HRLY	36.08
WF03	ANN	52,764	WF11	ANN	73,308	F103	ANN	56,208	F111	ANN	78,048
	MON	4,397		MON	6,109		MON	4,684		MON	6,504
	8HR	202.96		8HR	281.92		8HR	216.16		8HR	300.16
	HRLY	25.37		HRLY	35.24		HRLY	27.02		HRLY	37.52
WF04	ANN	54,888	WF12	ANN	76,152	F104	ANN	58,500	F112	ANN	81,168
	MON	4,574		MON	6,346		MON	4,875		MON	6,764
	8HR	211.12		8HR	292.88		8HR	225.04		8HR	312.16
	HRLY	26.39		HRLY	36.61		HRLY	28.13		HRLY	39.02
WF05	ANN	57,084	WF13	ANN	79,296	F105	ANN	61,584	F113	ANN	84,396
	MON	4,757		MON	6,608		MON	5,132		MON	7,033
	8HR	219.52		8HR	304.96		8HR	236.88		8HR	324.64
	HRLY	27.44		HRLY	38.12		HRLY	29.61		HRLY	40.58
WF06	ANN	59,388	WF14	ANN	82,404	F106	ANN	63,240	F114	ANN	87,744
	MON	4,949		MON	6,867		MON	5,270		MON	7,312
	8HR	228.40		8HR	316.96		8HR	243.20		8HR	337.44
	HRLY	28.55		HRLY	39.62		HRLY	30.40		HRLY	42.18
WF07	ANN	61,728	WF15	ANN	85,680	F107	ANN	65,712	F115	ANN	91,236
	MON	5,144		MON	7,140		MON	5,476		MON	7,603
	8HR	237.44		8HR	329.52		8HR	252.72		8HR	350.88
	HRLY	29.68		HRLY	41.19		HRLY	31.59		HRLY	43.86
WF08	ANN	64,164				F108	ANN	68,340			
	MON	5,347					MON	5,695			
	8HR	246.80					8HR	262.88			
	HRLY	30.85					HRLY	32.86			

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Exhibit C

Step A			Step A			Step A			Step A		
F201	ANN	55,728	F209	ANN	76,860	F301	ANN	59,352	F309	ANN	81,816
	MON	4,644		MON	6,405		MON	4,946		MON	6,818
	8HR	214.32		8HR	295.60		8HR	228.24		8HR	314.64
	HRLY	26.79		HRLY	36.95		HRLY	28.53		HRLY	39.33
F202	ANN	57,948	F210	ANN	79,848	F302	ANN	61,728	F310	ANN	85,020
	MON	4,829		MON	6,654		MON	5,144		MON	7,085
	8HR	222.88		8HR	307.12		8HR	237.44		8HR	327.04
	HRLY	27.86		HRLY	38.39		HRLY	29.68		HRLY	40.88
F203	ANN	59,832	F211	ANN	83,064	F303	ANN	63,780	F311	ANN	88,488
	MON	4,986		MON	6,922		MON	5,315		MON	7,374
	8HR	230.16		8HR	319.44		8HR	245.28		8HR	340.32
	HRLY	28.77		HRLY	39.93		HRLY	30.66		HRLY	42.54
F204	ANN	62,232	F212	ANN	86,436	F304	ANN	66,288	F312	ANN	92,076
	MON	5,186		MON	7,203		MON	5,524		MON	7,673
	8HR	239.36		8HR	332.48		8HR	254.96		8HR	354.16
	HRLY	29.92		HRLY	41.56		HRLY	31.87		HRLY	44.27
F205	ANN	64,752	F213	ANN	89,940	F305	ANN	69,000	F313	ANN	95,796
	MON	5,396		MON	7,495		MON	5,750		MON	7,983
	8HR	249.04		8HR	345.92		8HR	265.36		8HR	368.48
	HRLY	31.13		HRLY	43.24		HRLY	33.17		HRLY	46.06
F206	ANN	67,320	F214	ANN	93,480	F306	ANN	71,676	F314	ANN	99,516
	MON	5,610		MON	7,790		MON	5,973		MON	8,293
	8HR	258.96		8HR	359.52		8HR	275.68		8HR	382.72
	HRLY	32.37		HRLY	44.94		HRLY	34.46		HRLY	47.84
F207	ANN	70,044	F215	ANN	97,212	F307	ANN	74,544	F315	ANN	103,560
	MON	5,837		MON	8,101		MON	6,212		MON	8,630
	8HR	269.44		8HR	373.92		8HR	286.72		8HR	398.32
	HRLY	33.68		HRLY	46.74		HRLY	35.84		HRLY	49.79
F208	ANN	72,828				F308	ANN	77,508			
	MON	6,069					MON	6,459			
	8HR	280.08					8HR	298.08			
	HRLY	35.01					HRLY	37.26			

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Exhibit C

Step A			Step A		
GF01	ANN	63,216	GF09	ANN	87,180
	MON	5,268		MON	7,265
	8HR	243.12		8HR	335.28
	HRLY	30.39		HRLY	41.91
GF02	ANN	65,712	GF10	ANN	90,564
	MON	5,476		MON	7,547
	8HR	252.72		8HR	348.32
	HRLY	31.59		HRLY	43.54
GF03	ANN	67,884	GF11	ANN	94,176
	MON	5,657		MON	7,848
	8HR	261.12		8HR	362.24
	HRLY	32.64		HRLY	45.28
GF04	ANN	70,584	GF12	ANN	98,016
	MON	5,882		MON	8,168
	8HR	271.44		8HR	376.96
	HRLY	33.93		HRLY	47.12
GF05	ANN	73,464	GF13	ANN	101,976
	MON	6,122		MON	8,498
	8HR	282.56		8HR	392.24
	HRLY	35.32		HRLY	49.03
GF06	ANN	76,332	GF14	ANN	105,984
	MON	6,361		MON	8,832
	8HR	293.60		8HR	407.60
	HRLY	36.70		HRLY	50.95
GF07	ANN	79,416	GF15	ANN	110,220
	MON	6,618		MON	9,185
	8HR	305.44		8HR	423.92
	HRLY	38.18		HRLY	52.99
GF08	ANN	82,632			
	MON	6,886			
	8HR	317.84			
	HRLY	39.73			

Bargaining Unit 2 - Blue Collar Supervisors  
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Exhibit D

Step A			Step A			Step A			Step A		
WF01	ANN	51,612	WF09	ANN	71,148	F101	ANN	54,936	F109	ANN	75,708
	MON	4,301		MON	5,929		MON	4,578		MON	6,309
	8HR	198.48		8HR	273.68		8HR	211.28		8HR	291.20
	HRLY	24.81		HRLY	34.21		HRLY	26.41		HRLY	36.40
WF02	ANN	53,700	WF10	ANN	74,028	F102	ANN	57,180	F110	ANN	78,792
	MON	4,475		MON	6,169		MON	4,765		MON	6,566
	8HR	206.56		8HR	284.72		8HR	219.92		8HR	303.04
	HRLY	25.82		HRLY	35.59		HRLY	27.49		HRLY	37.88
WF03	ANN	55,404	WF11	ANN	76,968	F103	ANN	59,016	F111	ANN	81,948
	MON	4,617		MON	6,414		MON	4,918		MON	6,829
	8HR	213.12		8HR	296.00		8HR	226.96		8HR	315.20
	HRLY	26.64		HRLY	37.00		HRLY	28.37		HRLY	39.40
WF04	ANN	57,636	WF12	ANN	79,956	F104	ANN	61,428	F112	ANN	85,224
	MON	4,803		MON	6,663		MON	5,119		MON	7,102
	8HR	221.68		8HR	307.52		8HR	236.24		8HR	327.76
	HRLY	27.71		HRLY	38.44		HRLY	29.53		HRLY	40.97
WF05	ANN	59,940	WF13	ANN	83,256	F105	ANN	64,668	F113	ANN	88,620
	MON	4,995		MON	6,938		MON	5,389		MON	7,385
	8HR	230.56		8HR	320.24		8HR	248.72		8HR	340.88
	HRLY	28.82		HRLY	40.03		HRLY	31.09		HRLY	42.61
WF06	ANN	62,352	WF14	ANN	86,520	F106	ANN	66,408	F114	ANN	92,136
	MON	5,196		MON	7,210		MON	5,534		MON	7,678
	8HR	239.84		8HR	332.80		8HR	255.44		8HR	354.40
	HRLY	29.98		HRLY	41.60		HRLY	31.93		HRLY	44.30
WF07	ANN	64,812	WF15	ANN	89,964	F107	ANN	69,000	F115	ANN	95,796
	MON	5,401		MON	7,497		MON	5,750		MON	7,983
	8HR	249.28		8HR	346.00		8HR	265.36		8HR	368.48
	HRLY	31.16		HRLY	43.25		HRLY	33.17		HRLY	46.06
WF08	ANN	67,368				F108	ANN	71,760			
	MON	5,614					MON	5,980			
	8HR	259.12					8HR	276.00			
	HRLY	32.39					HRLY	34.50			

Bargaining Unit 2 - Blue Collar Supervisors  
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Exhibit D

Step A			Step A			Step A			Step A		
F201	ANN	58,512	F209	ANN	80,700	F301	ANN	62,316	F309	ANN	85,908
	MON	4,876		MON	6,725		MON	5,193		MON	7,159
	8HR	225.04		8HR	310.40		8HR	239.68		8HR	330.40
	HRLY	28.13		HRLY	38.80		HRLY	29.96		HRLY	41.30
F202	ANN	60,840	F210	ANN	83,844	F302	ANN	64,812	F310	ANN	89,268
	MON	5,070		MON	6,987		MON	5,401		MON	7,439
	8HR	234.00		8HR	322.48		8HR	249.28		8HR	343.36
	HRLY	29.25		HRLY	40.31		HRLY	31.16		HRLY	42.92
F203	ANN	62,820	F211	ANN	87,216	F303	ANN	66,972	F311	ANN	92,916
	MON	5,235		MON	7,268		MON	5,581		MON	7,743
	8HR	241.60		8HR	335.44		8HR	257.60		8HR	357.36
	HRLY	30.20		HRLY	41.93		HRLY	32.20		HRLY	44.67
F204	ANN	65,340	F212	ANN	90,756	F304	ANN	69,600	F312	ANN	96,684
	MON	5,445		MON	7,563		MON	5,800		MON	8,057
	8HR	251.28		8HR	349.04		8HR	267.68		8HR	371.84
	HRLY	31.41		HRLY	43.63		HRLY	33.46		HRLY	46.48
F205	ANN	67,992	F213	ANN	94,440	F305	ANN	72,456	F313	ANN	100,584
	MON	5,666		MON	7,870		MON	6,038		MON	8,382
	8HR	261.52		8HR	363.20		8HR	278.64		8HR	386.88
	HRLY	32.69		HRLY	45.40		HRLY	34.83		HRLY	48.36
F206	ANN	70,692	F214	ANN	98,160	F306	ANN	75,264	F314	ANN	104,496
	MON	5,891		MON	8,180		MON	6,272		MON	8,708
	8HR	271.92		8HR	377.52		8HR	289.44		8HR	401.92
	HRLY	33.99		HRLY	47.19		HRLY	36.18		HRLY	50.24
F207	ANN	73,548	F215	ANN	102,072	F307	ANN	78,276	F315	ANN	108,744
	MON	6,129		MON	8,506		MON	6,523		MON	9,062
	8HR	282.88		8HR	392.56		8HR	301.04		8HR	418.24
	HRLY	35.36		HRLY	49.07		HRLY	37.63		HRLY	52.28
F208	ANN	76,464				F308	ANN	81,384			
	MON	6,372					MON	6,782			
	8HR	294.08					8HR	313.04			
	HRLY	36.76					HRLY	39.13			

Bargaining Unit 2 - Blue Collar Supervisors  
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Exhibit D

Step A			Step A		
GF01	ANN	66,372	GF09	ANN	91,536
	MON	5,531		MON	7,628
	8HR	255.28		8HR	352.08
	HRLY	31.91		HRLY	44.01
GF02	ANN	69,000	GF10	ANN	95,088
	MON	5,750		MON	7,924
	8HR	265.36		8HR	365.76
	HRLY	33.17		HRLY	45.72
GF03	ANN	71,280	GF11	ANN	98,880
	MON	5,940		MON	8,240
	8HR	274.16		8HR	380.32
	HRLY	34.27		HRLY	47.54
GF04	ANN	74,112	GF12	ANN	102,912
	MON	6,176		MON	8,576
	8HR	285.04		8HR	395.84
	HRLY	35.63		HRLY	49.48
GF05	ANN	77,136	GF13	ANN	107,076
	MON	6,428		MON	8,923
	8HR	296.64		8HR	411.84
	HRLY	37.08		HRLY	51.48
GF06	ANN	80,148	GF14	ANN	111,288
	MON	6,679		MON	9,274
	8HR	308.24		8HR	428.00
	HRLY	38.53		HRLY	53.50
GF07	ANN	83,388	GF15	ANN	115,728
	MON	6,949		MON	9,644
	8HR	320.72		8HR	445.12
	HRLY	40.09		HRLY	55.64
GF08	ANN	86,760			
	MON	7,230			
	8HR	333.68			
	HRLY	41.71			

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